Morning Oregonian.

XIV.—NO. 295

PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY, JANUARY 21, 1875.

PRICE—TEN CENTS.

[illegible] PATENT FAISE [illegible] ... in all its bra[nches] ... such as Or ... [illegible]

... KNIVES and MOUL[DINGS] ...

... Portland, O ...

... them by telegraph or ...

MEDICAL.

[illegible]

623 KEARNEY ... (OR ... COMM[ERCIAL] ... San Fran[cisco] ...

[illegible]

... NOTICES.

[illegible]

... CATLIN and B. KILLIN ... Plaintiffs Attorneys.

... NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UN... in bankruptcy of the ... on the 22d day ... o'clock A. M. in front ... Court ... door at the city of Port... and State of ... to the highest bidder ... State of Oregon, bounded ... at a point on the south ... from ... road ... land claim of ... township ... R 3 W ... on the south edge of said base line road ... north edge of rail ... to the place of begin[ning] ... at expense of pur[chaser] ... JOHN CATLIN, Assignee.

... OF FINAL SETTLEMENT— ... Multnomah county ... of said ... has filed ... and all parties interested are no[tified] ... the Court has appointed Saturday the ... January 1875 at 10 o'clock A. M. for the ... of said account, and all ... having objections thereto are hereby re[quired] ... and make the same before the ... of Multnomah county, State of Ore[gon] ... House in Portland, Oregon, on the ... and they may be heard. By order of ... 1874. A. LEGRAND, ... of the Estate of Agnes ... deceased.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED ... of Oregon.—In the matter ... & Co., bankrupts. Notice is hereby ... first meeting of the creditors ... bankrupts ... will be held ... State of Oregon, ... day of January 1875, at 11 ... at the office of H. ... for the pur[pose] ... in said district ... in the 27th section of the Bankr[upt Act] ... 2, 1867. JOHN CATLIN, Assignee.

LOUISIANA.

THE BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS ... ANSWER—THE BISHOPS AND ... OF NEW ORLEANS ON ... [illegible]

... to the N. Y. Times.

... La., Jan. 6.—At a special ... board of underwriters held ... following report of a committee ... a previous meeting was unani[illegible]

That this board has read with feel[ing] ... sorrow and mortification ... the dispatch of Gen. P. H. ... the Honorable Secretary of War ... of the 4th inst. that we esteem it ... and unjustifiable wrong and ... fair fame of every person in our city. This board has been estab[lished] ... purely commercial purposes, no ... tion has ever been discussed or ... but, in view of this criminal out[rage] ... best interests of our city by a ... porary power, it not only war[rants] ... from us an expression of ... al of those vile asper[sions on] our citizens, that we give our as[surance to] our brother underwriters at the ... West that we claim to be true and ... of the United States, and as such ... loving and law-abiding people and ... property are as safe with us as ... for the truth of which we confi[dently appe]al to the noble army of Knights ... from every State in the Union ... lately visited our city that we ... express our surprise that ... [hav]ing the position of Gen. Sheri[dan] ... come to such knowledge of his ... such brief oppor[tunity as he] ... could have during the ... been in the South and the ... find for such utterances is the ... comes to us this morning from ... this dispatch was written in ... to Gen. Sheridan before ... command that we car[ry] ... North ... to the ... States, to their love of ... that protection ... violence, and from any ... which may follow which ... of this great country we have ... that we cordially indorse ... the expressions of the ... at their last meeting.

... THOMAS A. ADAMS, President.

... MEMBERS OF THE CLERGY

... Whereas, General ... of the division of ... date of the 4th inst. has ... to Gen. Belknap ... to which he represents the ... at large as anything ven... authority and approving ... and whereas he has ... full publicity ... believe it our duty to ... American people that ... unfounded, and ... no other effect than ... of corrupt politi[cians] ... moment making most ... their power over ...

... of New Orleans.

... Temple of Sinai.

... M. E. C. South.

... Church, and many ...

... January 5.

... PLE OF LOUISIANA

... In the ... of ... I implore ... by all means the ... and oppressors have ... Our deliverance from ... upon our prudence ... and a conflict with the sol[diers] ... would be the ruin of our ... of our chains. A little more ... and forbearance which ... you with ... the sympathies of the en[tire] ... favor, and the usurpation ... to which you are now subjected ... and you will be once more a ... and a happy people.

R. H. MARR.

... of the Committee of Seventy.

... Arkansas.

... PLE OF THE UNITED STATES ... EPISCOPAL, PRESBYTERIAN, ... AND CATHOLIC CLERGYMEN OF ARKANSAS.

... Ark., Jan. 7.—The following ... to-day:

... *People of the United States:* Having ... of General Sheridan to the ... of War, in which he speaks of ter[rorism] ... in the State of Arkansas ... duty in behalf of the ... communities with which we are con[nected] ... to the world at large that there ... thing as terrorism existing in this ... of public opinion or ... by an ... code of laws, and that since the last ... the country has been ... There have been no perse[cutions] ... or ... and, as far as ... no White Leagues ... As General ... in Arkansas, and could ... of hearsay this ... for the existence of the ... which he proposes a remedy ... would extinguish all law and ... of affairs which would be ...

... Bishop of Little Rock ... of the Meth[odist] ... Little Rock, Ark. H. N. ... Bishop of Arkansas and ... Thomas R. Welch, pas[tor] ... Presbyterian Church; T. J. Leak, ... M. E. Church; Jacob Block, rab[bi] ... tional Bnai Israel.

... Jan. 12.—Governor Tilden to-day ... to the legislature on ... in which, after reviewing the ... he declares it to be the duty ... her sentiments on the ... directness, dignity and sol[emnity] ... which will command the ... of Congress, her sister ... of the whole country ... unanimity with which she up[holds] ... of the Union she should now ... to the great and most sacred ... establishing civil liberty and per[sonal] ... of individuals, of restoring the ... of freedom, of reasserting the ... of the civil authorities over mili[tary] ... throughout the Republic.

... Jan. 7.—Gov. Brown in his ... "Permit me to express my ... that, unlike the legislat[ure] ... one of our sister States, you ... allowed to assemble peaceably, and ... organization without intimida[tion] ... military surrounds your capitol or ... their rightful seats representatives ... The edict of a petty tyrant ... avail to disperse the State legis[lature] ... your immunity from such outrage ... more conspicuous by the ... of Louisiana trampled under foot ... of her liberties. If we may ... that reach us through the daily ... seem to have the sanction of ... the power of the National ... through its military arm ... the subversion of all the liber[ties] ... of Louisiana. Possibly it is ... power to do more than interpose a ... protest against this daring ... if this be all that the representa[tives] ... as a State as Tennessee may ... your protest may be made ... and earnestness as to ... attention of every patriotic citizen ... and awaken the people every[where] ... of the danger that threatens ... national liberties."

GOV. ALLEN'S MESSAGE.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. ... Allen has ... sent the following message to the general as[sembly] and it was referred to the committee on federal relations:

To the General Assembly: I desire to call ... attention to the grave circumstance of the in[terference] of federal troops in the organization and proceedings of the legislature of a sister State. If the reported action of the military in unseating persons claiming to be members of the Louisiana legislature, and giving their places to persons contesting, is true, and if legal and proper, then the same interference would be legal and proper here, and it seemed to me to be the duty of the representatives of the people of this State to at once ... a vigorous protest against any action that may be made a precedent at some future time for the overthrow of the civil government here. If there is a law warranting the settling of contested election cases in State legislatures by the use of federal authority, then in my judgment you should request its immediate repeal. If there is no law for it, then your indignant protest should be heard at Washington, insisting upon such action by Congress as will prevent in the future such flagrant outrages against civil liberty.

THE MASSACHUSETTS GOVERNOR'S OPINION.

BOSTON, Jan. 7.—Gov. Gaston in his message refers to the Louisiana matter as follows: "The presence of armed force of the United States in the legislature of a State, for the purpose of settling an election contest between political parties, is a matter of great concern to all the people of all the States—more especially in case where the possible effect of such presence may be to subvert the popular will and impose upon the people rulers whom they have not selected. I invite the immediate attention of the legislature to this subject."

INTERVIEW WITH THE GRAND MASTER OF THE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 7.—This afternoon Mr. Jas. H. Hopkins, Grand Master of the Knights Templar of the United States, who accompanied the noble army of Knights Templar to New Orleans recently, was interviewed regarding Louisiana affairs. He said that he had only incidentally met Mr. Adams, but there was a man for whom he seemed to entertain the highest respect, and that was Mr. R. H. Marr, chairman of the committee of safety. He stated that Mr. Marr is a man ... years of age, white-haired, and very much respected by everybody in New Orleans. He had had several talks with him, in the course of which he had told him about the engagement on the 14th of September. Mr. Hopkins expressed surprise that after obtaining power Mr. Marr had been so well able to control the people. This matter was explained by Marr, who said there was nothing of the riotous element in the White League; that they are men of intelligence, and only needed a suggestion as to what was proper to do and it was carried out. On a suggestion as to what should be done, said Marr, every man ... and of course undertook to execute the order of the White League. On the occasion of the riot in September last, he rode along the lines when they ... up and impressed upon them that there should be no violence; that under no force of circumstances was there to be any resistance to the United States troops. In the course of the conversation Mr. Marr claimed that the people of the State were loyal to the ... government; that there was no conflict at all between them and the United States authorities, and should be none. It was simply a question between the people of Louisiana and men who had usurped authority over them and were plundering them. He stated what is already known: When the United States troops were drawn in line the White League presented arms and saluted them.

Reporter—Did you meet any banditti?

Mr. Hopkins—None that I know of. If I did, they were well disguised as very hospitable, intelligent, and ... gentlemen. I ... two weeks in New Orleans, and, after observations and having mingled with the people, have failed to see any such disposition as Gen. Sheridan discovered after two days' visit. During my stay, while I met men from Louisiana and all the Southern States, I did not hear a single statement of disloyalty expressed toward the national government. I met many who had served in the Confederate army, and they said that upon any occasion upon which the United States needed recruits they would furnish three to one in the North, in proportion to population, to defend the national flag.

At the close of the interview Mr. Hopkins stated that the manner in which the people of Louisiana were being plundered by politicians was outrageous, and cited as an instance that the tax collector made $150,000 a year, and that other officers made amounts approximating that sum.

A MARSHAL OF THIS REPUBLIC.

Among the Americans who attended a ball given at the Hotel de Ville, Paris, when John Y. Mason was our Minister there, was Jack Spicer of Kentucky. Jack rushed the dress somewhat strong, and sported epaulettes on his shoulders large enough to start four Major Generals in business. Jack was the observed of all observers, and got mixed up with a party that his friends could not account for. Whenever the Marshals of France went there was Jack, and when the marshals sat down Jack did the same, always taking the post of honor. The day after the ball Jack called on our Minister to France, who started up a conversation in the following way:

"I hear, Jack, you were at the ball last evening."

"I was, sir, and had a high old time."

"For which you were indebted, I suppose, to the high old company you got mixed up with. By the way, how came you associated with the Marshals?"

"How? By virtue of my office. They were Marshals of France, while I am nothing else than a marshal of the republic. I showed my commission and took post accordingly."

"By right of your office. What do you mean?"

"Read and see."

Here Jack presented Mr. Mason with a whitey-brown paper with a seal big enough for a four-pound weight.

"What in the name of heaven is this?"

"My commission of marshal. I received in 1850 when I assisted in taking the census in Frankfort."

"You don't mean to say that you travel on this?"

"I don't mean anything else. That makes me a marshal of the republic, and I intend to have the office duly honored."

Mr. Mason allowed that Jack was doing a very large business on a very small capital.—*Cincinnati Star.*

A STAR SENATOR.—All Senators, when accompanied by their families, have a star again[s]t their names in the Congressional Directory. A somewhat noted Senator was marked in this way, and a lady drove to his hotel and was shown into the parlor. Her card found its way to the gifted Senator, who was disposing of his ... fortune indigestion. He deliberately finished his meal and then sauntered into the reception room, expecting to be encountered by some female lobbyist. Seating himself, he gave the fair lady a prolonged stare. "Is your family well, Senator?" she asked, breaking the awkward silence. "Well, madam," replied the Senator, "as I haven't any family, I may say it is well." "I beg your pardon, sir," she said, "as the directory indicates the presence of your family I called to pay my respects. I wish you good day, sir," and she left.—*Boston ...*

JUST SO.—The Louisville *Courier-Journal* gets off this:

They now accuse Phelps and Foster of treason to the party. It is always treason to the party when you refuse to lie or steal for it. Foster and Phelps are good Republicans just as we are good Democrats. Only the drill masters cannot flourish the pop-lash over them or us. There ... which ... be ... p ... les ...

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

The Rain Storm in California.

... Jan. 20.—The storm of the last few days has been the most severe for years in this section. With rain in the mountains ... melted large quantities of snow, which has raised the streams higher than they have been for years. The telegraph wires have been washed out between Marysville and Sacramento; also between this place and the latter point. Yesterday reports were received that the track of the C. P. R. R. was washed away ... one hundred and fifty feet and ... feet of embankment was washed away at Bear river, near Wheatland. No telegraphic communication with Marysville to-day.

Marysville Flooded.

Reports received via Oroville and Biggs this evening say Marysville has been flooded ... D street the water stood two feet deep. If that is so the whole country in that vicinity is flooded. [Biggs is 10 miles south of Chico. No communication south of there to-day.]

INAUGURATION OF GOV. SAM'L J. TILDEN.

MODEL ADDRESSES BY THE RETIRING AND THE INCOMING GOVERNORS OF NEW YORK.

From the Albany Evening Journal.

No finer weather could have been desired by the most exacting of our gallant militiamen for the parade than that which prevailed yesterday. The air was crisp and clear, and it seemed as though both earth and air had combined to render the occasion one of marked note, in contrast with other inauguration days.

AT THE CAPITOL.

On arriving at the Capitol the Governor and staff alighted from their carriages and proceeded direct to the Executive Chamber, where Gov. Dix and staff were in waiting to receive him. A cordial hand-shaking took place, and in the meantime the Lieutenant Governor took his seat behind the clerk's desk in the chamber. At five minutes to eleven o'clock a passage way was cleared through the densely crowded hall from the Executive Chamber to the entrance of the Assembly Chamber, and Governor Dix, arm in arm with Governor elect Tilden, passed into the chamber followed by their respective staff. In this order they passed into the chamber, all the desks having been removed, then separating in open order, Gov. Dix proceeded to the platform by the right and Mr. Tilden by the left. When quiet was restored, Gov. Dix in a firm, clear voice addressed the Governor elect as follows:

GOVERNOR DIX'S REMARKS.

Mr. Tilden: The people of the State have called you to preside over the administration of their government by a majority which manifests the highest confidence in your integrity, ability and firmness. I need not say to you, who have had so long and familiar an acquaintance with public affairs, that in a State of such magnitude as ours, with interests so vast and diversified, there is a constant demand upon its chief magistrate for the exercise of those cardinal attributes of statesmanship. It is gratifying to know that the amendments to the Constitution approved and ratified by the people at the late general election, by limiting the powers of the Legislature in regard to local and special laws, will in some degree lighten the burden of your arduous and responsible duties. While a ma[terial] ... has been made during the last two years in the correction of abuses, much remains to be done; and the distinguished part you have borne in the work of municipal reform in the city of New York gives assurance that under your auspices the great interests of the State will be vigilantly guarded. I tender you my sincere wish that your labors in the cause of good government may be as successful here as they have been elsewhere, and that your administration may redound to your high honor and to the lasting prosperity of the people of the State.

The response of Gov. Tilden was as follows:

GOV. TILDEN'S REMARKS.

Governor Dix—It is he who has completed a period of distinguished public services, and having gathered all his honors, has nothing left to him but to lay down its burdens that is to be truly congratulated on this occasion. I cannot stand in this hall to assume the chief executive trusts of the people of this State, now to be transferred by you, without my thoughts turning upon ...—Silas Wright—your friend and mine, and my father's, who held it when in early manhood I came here to sustain his administration. In the interval how vast and diversified have the interests become which are under the guardianship of the State administration. To build up this commonwealth in her political institutions until they shall become a greater blessing to all the people within their jurisdictions, and an example worthy of imitation by the communities, is a work far surpassing any object of human ambition. I had hoped to pass the coming winter in the midst of ancient literature and arts instead of which I under[take] the duties which you have so honorably performed. I understand that you will find an opportunity of visiting a portion of our own country not inferior in natural advantages to the renowned climes of the old world. I felicitate you on the pleasures to which you may look forward by reason of your fortunate transfer, and beg to assure you that you and your accomplished lady and other members of your family will carry with you my warmest wishes for your happiness in those recreations in all your future.

Gov. Tilden was much affected in the allusion to Silas Wright, and seemed for a time scarcely able to proceed.

At the conclusion of his remarks Secretary of State Willers stepped forward and administered the oath.

A NOVEL BOOTJACK.

Major Rogers had been out shooting and had discharged all his ... when an elephant made a charge at him from the skirts of the jungle. There was no help for it except to run, and for four hundred yards the major kept just ahead, feeling at every step as if the animal's trunk was trying to twist itself about him. A turn round a tree gave him a momentary advantage, which he made the most of by springing up into its branches. One foot higher and he would have been out of the elephant's reach, but before he had time to draw up his legs, the elephant had got him firmly clenched in the ... Still Rogers pulled against him, thinking it better to have his leg wrenched from the socket than to fall back bodily into the animal's power. The struggle, however, did not last long, for to the delight of the pursued and the chagrin of the pursuer the Wellington boot which the former wore slipped off and saved the life of poor Rogers. The dilemma, however, did not end there, for the elephant finding himself balked of his prey after destroying the boot, took up his quarters beneath the branches and kept his anticipated victim in the tree for twenty-four hours, when the country ... happened to pass by. Rogers gave him notice of his position, and ... help came and the elephant was frightened away by tomtoms and yelling. Had this occurred in a deserted part of the jungle the officer must have been starved to death in the tree.

William J. Hervey of Louisville has in his possession a manuscript speech of Henry Clay's, delivered at Maxwell Springs, in the suburbs of Lexington, Ky., on the 9th of June, 1842. It fills twenty five pages of letter paper, and was said by Mr. Clay to have been the only speech he ever wrote out before delivery. The only reason why this one was committed to paper with such care was that it contained a foreshadowing of the platform upon which he proposed going before the country as a candidate for the Presidency at the next election. The manuscript was committed to Mr. Hervey's hands to be printed in the Lexington *Intelligencer*, which newspaper he was then publishing in the interest of the Clay party.

[illegible]

BURIED EMPIRE.—A REMARKABLE ARTICLE ON ANCIENT AMERICA.

The researches of Bourbourg, says a writer in the St. Louis *Republican*, prove the existence of a Mexico-Central American empire in ancient times called Nabalba. Its kings of this old American empire reigned in couples. Together they constituted a grand council of the empire. They had a tradition of a flood, which they called the Atlas, from which word the etymology of which the world is found only in the Nahuatl tongue. Here we find the derivation of the various names Nahuatlan, Mazatlan and Atlan, which have been given to cities and towns of Mexico and Central America.

But the limits of a newspaper article forbid the citation of all the evidence which might be adduced from ancient authorities in relation to the American continent. There is scarcely ground for doubt that this continent had been visited by the Irish before the beginning of the sixth century of our era. Indeed, Virgil, a saint of that country, was accused by a bishop to Pope Zachary of teaching heresy respecting the existence of a continent on the western side of the Atlantic, and made a journey to Rome to defend himself. He succeeded in convincing the Pontiff that his countrymen had had intercourse with a country beyond the ocean.

But the most remarkable part of these relations is the evidence that America was peopled by a great and prosperous race; that splendid cities existed and mighty monarchs reigned.

It was doubtless

THE GOLDEN AGE

Of the ancient American civilization when the stranger came to Carthage and when the Meropes visited the Hyperboreans. The venerable man who we are told came to China before the time of Alexander from the great island beyond the Atlantic ocean might have been a sage from Uxmal, Ocotzipic, Atlan, Palenque or Cholula. Or it may be possible that he went from that still more ancient seat of civilization, the relics of which remain in the county of Chickasaw, Mississippi.

What mean the pyramids of the Yazoo valley? These huge piles of earth, reared by human hands, were the work of a race every authentic trace of which has vanished. In the valley of the Tennessee, near the town of Florence, in Alabama, there is a mound or pyramid still about 70 feet high, the four sides of which face the cardinal points of the compass, and are formed with geometrical precision. The base of this great work covers a little more than an acre of ground. In the immediate vicinity of this large pyramid there are four smaller ones, which occupy the position of corners, inclosing a perfect quadrangular space. This great pyramid was doubtless, at some time in the forgotten past, surrounded by a temple, in which the ancient American sun worshipers performed their devotions. Perhaps at the very time when the subjects of Sesostris were building the walls and gates of Thebes a great city covered this plain, through whose streets busy thousands rushed. But the city has crumbled away, and the people have passed to oblivion's shoreless gulf.

In the region from

FORT PILLOW TO VICKSBURG,

And from the Mississippi to the Tennessee and Tombigbee, there are remains of ancient civilization found in many localities. At Fort Pickering, below Memphis, and at Florence, Ala., and between Hernando and Cam..., and in Chickasaw county, and along the Yazoo river, and near the town of Portersville, Tenn., there are collections of burial mounds and pyramidal temple sites, covering large areas, which show that in these localities the predecessors of the wild Indians had stately cities. But those who reared them and dwelt in them lie entombed in their ruins.

We can almost trace the course of civilization on the American continent by the monuments which have been left. The mound builders of the northern parts of America gave place to savage tribes from the region still further north. They were doubtless hordes of Scythians forced out of Asia by some earlier Zinghis Khans and Tamerlanes, who precipitated themselves on the more civilized and pacific dwellers in American cities, as their kindred barbarians poured down upon the luxury-enervated Romans, and came near extinguishing the torch of civilization which for centuries had illuminated the shores of the Mediterranean.

FORCED FROM THEIR ANCIENT SEATS

By the fresh irruption of savage Mongolians, who were the progenitors of most of the North American tribes of Indians, the mound builders who had received their civilization from the early Phœnician adventurers, migrated southward through Texas and New Mexico, and finally into the central and southern parts of Mexico. There they built other cities and founded empires. May not the Colhuas, who were the builders of Palenque, Uxmal, Cholula, Teotihuacan and Subtiaba before the era of Toltecan civilization, have been the expatriated mound builders who once inhabited the Mississippi valley? The Toltecs succeeded them, and the two people were so intermingled that the very legends of the Colhuas were forgotten. Doubtless the civilization of both the Colhuas and their immediate successors, the Toltecs, was from time to time promoted by the advent among them of castaway crews of the maritime peoples on the borders of the Mediterranean sea. These navigators, sailing along the coast of Africa without compass or reckoning, were frequently caught in storms and driven far out to sea ..., along the westward flowing current, they were wafted to the American shores. To return was impossible, inasmuch as they knew not of a certainty the direction whence they came. Thus making a ... of ..., they became the teachers of the people among whom they were cast. Montezuma told Cortez that he was sprung from the ... white men who ages before had come across the Atlantic in ships and taught his people the arts of civilized life.

THE TOLTECS SUCCEEDED TO THE EMPIRE

Of the Colhuas, and doubtless during the continuance of their ascendancy was the golden age of North American civilization. They reared temples and pyramids, and built cities, and cultivated farms, and practiced many of the industrial arts common to that age of the world. They are credited with having built the great pyramid of the sun and its companion wonder, the pyramid of the moon, at Teotihuacan, more than 500 years before the advent of Cortez in Mexico.

More than three centuries previous to the Spanish invasion and conquest of Mexico the Toltecs had been vanquished by a fiercer and more warlike people, the Aztecs, who came from the north. These made extensive conquests and subjugated many of the aboriginal tribes adjacent. The influence of the Toltecan civilization was not lost on their conquerors. The Aztecs had made considerable progress toward civilization under a dynasty of monarchs, who it appears, preferred the arts of peace to a waste caused by war, when the Conquistadores came and blotted out the ... remains of the original civilization on the continent of North America. The last empire was buried amid slaughter and devastation; but the painted rocks of Manatee, the neglected gods of Subtiaba and Tensacola, the earth pyramids of the Yazoo, the ruins of ... as the name signifies, Casas Grandes of New Mexico and Arizona, the ruined temples of Cholula, Xochimilco, Tacubaya ... and Ocotzipic, are evidences of a golden age of civilization in America, as well as in Europe, far back in the past.

The Zuni villages of New Mexico—the ancient Cibola of the Spanish chroniclers, still preserves some traces of the Aztec civilization which prevailed before the era of the European settlement. These people

MADE ADOBES AND BUILT HOUSES,

and cultivated the soil, and domesticated animals, and manufactured cloth and made vessels of clay, and in some of the advanced arts of civilized life excelled hundreds of years before the voyage of Columbus. Fabrics are now made as they were made ages ago, and the skill of men who made the boasted appliances of machinery has never been able to produce textures equal to the Zunian blankets. Major Grimes, of the United States army, now stationed in this city, served for a considerable time in New Mexico and while there collected many specimens of the handiwork of the strange people who still dwell in the renowned Cibola, the modern Zuni. A Zuni waterpot, beautifully decorated, brought by him from the Zuni villages may be seen at the Mining Exchange, on Fourth street, in this city. This work shows the manufacturer to have been no unskillful artistic.

Fragments of the works of men he scattered over the continent, from the lakes to the isthmus. Images and temples crumbling in ruins attest the high degree of civilization attained by the inhabitants of the lost empires of America. The mound builders of the United States, driven by fierce hordes of barbarous Indians—Scythian Tartars—took refuge in Mexico and Central America, and mingling with the Southern Mongolians, who coming across the Pacific ocean from China and Japan and the Malayans, who had also established themselves on this continent, they laid the foundation of that civilization which, after undergoing many mutations, had established itself in the valley of Mexico where Cortes found it.

RELIGION, A LAW.

What is the purpose of the church? What is the object of religion?

To get the Ten Commandments kept.

We may say to save souls, to glorify God, to benefit humanity. But all these answers, like every right answer, will find place under the one answer— To get the Ten Commandments kept.

The advantage and beauty of this answer are in its precision. People have various notions about what saving souls means. They have different opinions on the subject of glorifying God. They have a thousand contradictory plans to benefit humanity. But every man knows what it is to break or keep the plain Ten Commandments.

Popular Christianity, in whatsoever form it comes, is putting on an element of unreality. It delights in vagueness, in large phrases, in glittering generalities. It has taken to sentimentalizing. Vagueness about doctrine is always next door to vagueness about duty. Instead of duty we hear about aspiration. Instead of keeping the commandments, about lofty yearnings after a higher life.

One class of christians, indeed, throw away the law as a fetter of slavery, and boldly proclaim the need only of feeling and emotion and spiritual insight.

Another class talks about "counsels of perfection," the "higher life," and is beginning to encourage people in a special sentiment about its own ..., that graces may be had without sacraments, blessings special and peculiar by a breach of the commandment, if it be broken in humility, and that there are spiritual ways of obedience while the letter is disobeyed.

Indeed the tendency to substitute dreams, fancies, emotions, aspirations, longings for duty and commands obeyed, is a perennial one among them. There are luxuries to be found in what may be called religion, luxuries for the intellect, in splendid dreams and gorgeous fancies, luxuries for the heart in emotion, raptures and ecstasies, and luxuries for the moral sense in ascetics and counsels of perfection and new inventions of worship over and above what is written.

And these luxuries have at various times seduced the minds of men. Some have been the temptation at one time, some at another. In our day all three are tempting.

We close them all under the one head of self-indulgence.

We know nothing about God except what He tells us. Doctrine is precise and definite, or it is nothing. It is a rock, a mountain range of solid granite truth, not a hazy cloud bank, gorgeous though the cloud bank be, at rising or at setting sun, with golden fringe on purple shadows. We know nothing of duty except what God tells us, and His commands are the orders of the Master of Life, or they are nothing. He lays down duty—plain things to be done which a man must do or renounce His service. He gives us a code to live by, not a vague phantom of impossible excellence, floating white and shadowy in the mist of dreams.

It is, we suspect, there are those who fancy that by wrapping up the frank, clear-cut features of Christianity in a veil of sentimentalism they are about to protect them from the attacks of infidels, and save the faith by making it so indefinite that no enemy can tell where it is, where it is we should tell such defenders that we fear them more than the infidels. Guesses are not worth fighting for in religion or anything else. Aspirations are very unimportant when duty has departed, and questions of no great consequence when the commandments have ... to bind.

Therefore christians need to rid themselves of sentimentalism and cant. They need to remember that the whole business of the church of God is to get the plain Ten Commandments kept among men; that church sacraments, ministry, prayer and preaching alike are valuable in the degree in which they help mankind to reach that end—that for that end, indeed, all these exist. That, in short, religion is a plain law, with not a bit of cant or sentimentalism about it, the most practical thing going in a practical world.

To get men and women to live honest, truthful, upright, chaste and charitable lives is the end of the whole business, and to preach to men that all their "aspirations," and emotions and imaginings are mere delusions unless such lives are lived; that for those who do not lead such lives there waits, in this world and in the other—in all possible worlds of a good God indeed—something which the plain speaking word of God calls damnation, is the business of all honest christian teachers and preachers.

Sentimentalism has never yet fought a battle and won, has never yet defended successfully a single post. The religion of fixed doctrine and uncompromising duty is the religion which alone has won its way in this evil world. To meet the hard facts of evil we need the equally hard facts of good. The world must be amused at the polite concessions christianity makes it, for the world knows thoroughly how contemptible a thing itself is. The worldly man knows well how mean his life is. Both know that the eternal facts of God's universe are against them, and they both respect only the religion that tells them so.

The world will never be saved by a religion of ... or spirit ... by a religion of esthetics and artificial devotions. It needs and will submit only to the christianity of plain believing and doing—the christianity which teaches it the Creed, and insists that it must keep its hands from picking and stealing and its tongue from evil speaking, lying and slandering, and its body in temperance, soberness and chastity. For all the aspirations and esthetics and devotion in the world will not save either its body or its soul.—*H. M. ...*

A SINGING MOUSE.—The Mont[gomery] (Ala.) *Advertiser* says: Mr. W. C. Fuller placed on our table yesterday that grand natural curiosity, the singing mouse spoken of in a communication from Greenville, published in this paper several days ago. The little songster is of the ordinary sized mouse, with the same appearance, differing only in the peculiar size and shape of its ears, they being longer and wider than usual, and resembling somewhat those of a donkey. He is secured in a diminutive tin pursell cage, with which are attached ... plays incessantly, never seeming to tire, especially at night, when he turns and sings the whole night through without cessation, and at times so loud that a person could not sleep in the same room. His songs resemble those of canary birds more than anything else, but with much greater variety of tones.

A beautiful brunette at Harrisburg is a dead shot with rifle and pistol, and she carries her ammunition in her bustle.

OREGON.

Prof. T. M. Gatch has resigned as a member of the common council of Salem.

A public installation of the officers of Monmouth Grange took place last Saturday.

Gov. Grover has appointed W. H. Holmes of Dallas a notary public for Polk county.

A good many of the schools in the country temporarily suspended during the cold spell.

The city marshal of Salem has been presented with a neat official badge by some of the citizens.

From reports in our exchanges and by telegraph a cold snap which did not visit Portland in all its intenseness passed over the middle and southern part of the valley last Saturday and Sunday.

A friend at Scio informs us that a dwelling house owned by Dr. S. W. Dodd and occupied by Dr. Herndon at that place, was partially consumed by fire on the night of the 13th inst. The loss was about $200.

W. R. Dunbar, G. W. C. T., on the 13th inst. organized a lodge of I. O. of G. T., at Jefferson with a good membership. S. T. John ... W. C. T.; C. B. Roland, W. S.; E. N. Thomas, P. W. C. T.; L. C. Conser, Lodge Deputy.

The *Mercury* says the Philosophian and Hesperian societies of Monmouth College had a wordy war one evening last week on the resolution "That man's character, from birth to death, is formed by circumstances independent of his will."

President T. F. Campbell of Monmouth, Polk county, was the favored recipient of a boquet of rare flowers, picked on Christmas Day. Miss Emma Lindsay was the donor and displayed taste and skill in its arrangement. Among the flowers were heliotrope, verbena, geranium and several others which thrive only in warm countries.

Mayor Wright in his annual [message] to the Common Council of Salem, deems that a tax of seven mills on the dollar will pay the current expenses of the city government during the coming year. He advises an increase in the police force, the creation of the office of Fire Warden to be filled by the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, at a salary of $300 per annum; objects to the system of transferring licenses, and suggests that the salary of the city attorney be raised to such sum as the services merit.

The Galice creek mines are still attracting a good deal of attention in Jackson and Josephine counties. There are three well defined leads reported running parallel to each other. The largest is about 2?0 feet wide, the next 50 feet, and the third is 30 feet in width. They have been traced through the country for a distance of ten miles, and taken up by those in search. The assay of the ore is from $80 to $90 per ton, about two-thirds silver and one-third gold. The work so far has been principally on the surface.

THE ...

Comstock, who discovered the [illegible] mine that bears his name, blew his brains out at Bozeman, Montana, in the fall of 1870, and was led to the rash act by ... want. Virginia and San Francisco can well afford to erect a monument of silver to the memory of John Comstock who disposed of the lode for a mule, a ..., and a bottle of whisky.

The supreme court of Utah began its first session under the act of Congress known as the Poland bill on the 11th. Chief Justice McKean and Associate Justices Boreman and Emerson compose the bench of the highest judicial tribunal of the Territory. There are only seven new cases on the calendar, among which is that of the Cain heirs against Brigham Young and others, on appeal from the district court, which involves the title to real estate valued at half a million dollars.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.

[Special dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—The failure of the firm of Henry Clews & Co., announced several weeks ago in the *Tribune*, has been followed by proceedings throwing the firm and two of its members, Clews and Theodore Fowler, into bankruptcy. Their schedules were filed today before the register in bankruptcy. Many weeks have been occupied in preparing the schedules. The creditors are ... in number, the amounts of ... ranging from 5 cents to $690,000. Among larger creditors are F. Butterfield & Co., $600,980; the London house of Clews, Habicht & Co., $637,000; the Manufacturers' and Builders' Bank of New York, $339,000; J. S. Post, of Brooklyn, $193,000 in gold; Fourth National Bank of New York, $250,000; First National Bank of Boston, $100,000; ... & Co., ..., $118,000; the firm of Henry Clews & Co., $169,000. The subscription to Alice Carey ... $120 in gold. The Republican State committee loses $11,000, and the firm seems to have borrowed from Clews' private election fund $2,000. Among other ... is stock of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota Railroad Company to the face value of $2,300,000.

WHY THERE ARE MOLLY MAGUIRES.—A correspondent of the Philadelphia *P[ress]*, writing from the anthracite coal fields, ... that while it costs but $2 18, at present ... of wages to mine and prepare for market a ton of anthracite coal, it costs $2 02 per ton to carry it over the railroad to Philadelphia. Only $1 12 per ton, of $2 18, which it costs to get the coal ready for market, goes to the miner and the laborers. The operators now propose to reduce the wages 15 per cent, and this reduction, when made, will reduce the prime cost of a ton of coal just 17 cents, no more and no less. It is very plain from these figures that a reduction in the miners' wages will have scarcely a perceptible effect upon the price of the coal itself. It now costs $4 20 to lay down a ton of coal in Philadelphia, and a reduction of 15 per cent. in the miners' and laborers' wages would bring the cost down to $4 03 per ton. If, therefore, the market price of anthracite coal to furnaces, factories and other large consumers is to be materially reduced, something more is needed than a mere curtailment of laborers' wages. The cost of transportation must also come down. It will not do, in the light of these facts, to put all the burden of high prices on the poor miners. If they, and the laborers, were to work for nothing, the cost of coal would only be reduced a small fraction over a dollar a ton. Cheap coal means cheap transportation as well as cheap mining, and we shall believe the operators and the railroads are in earnest when they apply to themselves the same standards as they are anxious to apply to the miners.—*Pittsburgh Commercial.*

TORTURED AND FROZEN TO DEATH.—St. Louis, Jan. ...—The *Republican* has a special from Topeka, Kan., saying that Joseph B. North, alias "Buffalo Joe," who murdered George Jones on Christmas evening a year ago, was hanged to a telegraph pole by a mob on the night of December 30 at Wallace, Kansas. The knot of the rope with which he was hanged caught under his chin and did not choke him, so he hung for a long time in that position, talking to the mob, ... up or ... them to release him, but received only jeers in re[turn] ... He did not die for over two hours, and finally froze to death. The sheriff of ... county says after the ... the ... will soon be captured.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. } { E. C. LONG, Port[land].

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

Sole Agents for the J. H. Cutter

Old BOURBON WHISKY,

And Impo[rters] of

FINE [illegible] AND [illegible]

431 Jack[son] St., San F[rancisco]

And 36 F[illegible]

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co.

[illegible]

To Take ... Aug. ... 6 A. M.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) ...

PORTLAND AND RO[SEBURG] ...

LEAVE. ARRIVE.

Portland ... A. M. | R... P. M.

R... A. M. | P... P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) ...

LEAVE. ARRIVE.

Portland ... P. M. | Albany ... A. M.

Albany ... A. M. | P... A. M.

FREIGHT TRAIN

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) ...

LEAVE. AR[RIVE].

Port[land] ... A. M. | Ju[nction] ... P. M.

Ju[nction] ... A. M. | P... P. M.

[illegible]

Gen'l Frt. and P... Ag't.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.

[illegible]

... at 6 A. M.

Daily Train will run

PORTLAND ... ST. JO...

LEAVE. ARRIVE.

Portland ... P. M. | St. ... A. M.

St. ... 7:00 A. M. | P... A. M.

[illegible]

Northern Pacific Railroad.

[illegible]

KAL[AMA] ... TO T... DAILY ...

[illegible]

... O. S. N. Co.'s ...

[illegible]

via O. S. N. Co. ...

[illegible]

H. W. FAIR... Gen'l F...

HOTELS ...

CLARENDON HOTEL

[illegible]

PORTLAND.

[illegible]

... Company ...

NA... H...

Co... and ...

J. B. ...

Every ... Car ...

THOMPSON HOUSE,

First ...

Board ... $5 00

Board, with ... 4 00

B... per ... 75

The House is new and hard ..., and the board is as good as any first ...

HO...

Men with ... will be ...

A Wagon ... the ... and ...

Employers in want of help ... call.

Roseburg Hotel & Restaurant.

DOUGLAS CO., OREG...

First Class House and the best in the City.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

GOOD BEDS AND CLEAN ROOMS.

GIVE ME A CALL.

R. ... Prop.

A. L. KING, Notary Public.

EDW'D CHALLEN, Commissioner for Oregon.

KING & CHALLEN,

Succ[essors] to J. Thibault ...

Notaries Public, Co[mmissioners of] ...

F... all the States and Terr...

CONVEYANCERS,

REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENTS.

Office 148 Calif[ornia] St., San Fra[ncisco], California.

Particular attention given to the taking of depositions.

DELINQUENT TAX NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Directors of ... District No. 1, in Multnomah county, Oregon, has ... the Clerk to give an extension of time of 30 days, from ... of December 1874 for the pay[ment] of delinquent taxes. After which further ... will be made by distraint and sale of pro[perty] ...

J. D. HOLMAN ...

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MEDICAL.

623 KEARNEY st. COR. COMMERCIAL
San Francisco.

Morning Oregonian.

XIV.—NO. 295. PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY, JANUARY 21, 1875. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

LOUISIANA.

E THE BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS 'S DISPATCHES—THE BISHOPS AND Y OF NEW ORLEANS ON SHERI-

atch to the N. Y. Times.]

ans, La., Jan. 6.—At a special the board of underwriters, held following report of a committee a previous meeting was unani- ed:

That this board has read with feel- deepest sorrow and mortification d insane dispatch of Gen. P. H. the Honorable Secretary of War, of the 4th inst.; that we esteem it and unjustifiable wrong and fair fame of every person in our city. This board has been estab- purely commercial purposes; no tion has ever been discussed or but, in view of this criminal out- best interests of our city by a temporary power, it not only war- from us an expression of of those vile asper- our citizens; that we give our as- our brother underwriters at the West that we claim to be true and ens of the United States, and as such -loving and law-abiding people, and nd property are as safe with us as , for the truth of which we confi- to the noble army of Knights from every State in the Union ntly visited our city; that we express our surprise that pying the position of Gen. Sheri- ime to such knowledge of his facts upon such brief oppor- ly could have during the has been in the South, and the we find for such utterances is the comes to us this morning from this dispatch was written in sent to Gen. Sheridan before ern command; that we car- Northern brethren, to the ted States, to their love of to afford us that protection violence, and from any which may follow, which of this great country we have ; that we cordially indorse patriotic expressions of the at their last meeting.

THOMAS A. ADAMS,
President.

NT MEMBERS OF THE CLERGY.

people: Whereas, General of the division of date of the 4th inst., has tion to Gen. Belknap, War, in which he represents the at large as breathing ven- authority, and approving ; and whereas, he has full publicity; believe it our duty to American people that ited, unfounded, and no other effect than of corrupt politi- this moment making most their power over

of New Orleans,
of Louisiana.
Temple of Sinai.
M. E. C. South.
Church, and many

January 5.

PLE OF LOUISIANA:

In the name of to avoid by all means the les and oppressors have for us. Our deliverance from depends upon our prudence , and a conflict with the sol- would be the ruin of our of our chains. A little more , and forbearance, which you with imperishable the sympathies of the en- favor, and the usurpation to which you are now subjected and you will be once more a and a happy people.

R. H. MARR,
n of the Committee of Seventy.

Arkansas.

PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES ODIST, EPISCOPAL, PRESBYTERIAN, AND CATHOLIC CLERGYMEN OF ARKAN-

Ark., Jan. 7.—The following ed to-day:

of the United States: Having of General Sheridan to the of War, in which he speaks of ter- existing in the State of Arkansas, our duty, in behalf of the re- communities with which we are con- to say to the world at large that there ch thing as terrorism existing in this nd no of public opinion or that imposed by an code of laws, and that since the last the country has been There have been no perse- or otherwise, and, as far as able to learn, no White Leagues As General in Arkansas, and could an opinion of hearsay, this for the existence of the im- which he proposes a remedy, ould extinguish all law and n of affairs which would be d.

ald, Bishop of Little Rock; Elder of the Meth- th, Little Rock, Ark.; H. N. , Bishop of Arkansas and tory; Thomas R. Welch, pas- yterian Church; T. J. Leak, M. E. Church; Jacob Block, rab- tional Bnai Israel.

a Say about It.

Jan. 12.—Governor Tilden to-day ge to the legislature on affairs, in which, after reviewing the case, he declares it to be the duty declare her sentiments on the distinctness, dignity and sol- which will command the ation of Congress, her sister the people of the whole country. unanimity with which she up- of the Union she should now to the great and most sacred establishing civil liberty and per- of individuals; of restoring the of freedom, of reasserting the of the civil authorities over mili- throughout the Republic.

Jan. 7.—Gov. Brown, in his "Permit me to express my that, unlike the legislative of one of our sister States, you allowed to assemble peaceably and organization without intimida- military surrounds your capitol, or their rightful seats representatives ople." The edict of a petty tyrant avail to disperse the State legis- your immunity from such outrage made more conspicuous by the of Louisiana trampled under foot of her liberties. If we may that reach us through the daily which seem to have the sanction of , the power of the National through its military arm, is for the subversion of all the liber- of Louisiana. Possibly it is power to do more than interpose a earnest protest against this glaring if this be all that the representa- a State as Tennessee may that your protest may be made and earnestness as to tion of every patriotic citizen lic, and awaken the people every- of the danger that threatens onal liberties."

GOV. ALLEN'S MESSAGE.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 7.—Gov. Allen has just sent the following message to the general assemble, and it was referred to the committe on federal relations:

To the General Assembly: I desire to call your attention to the grave circumstance of the interference of federal troops in the organization and proceedings of the legislature of a sister State. If the reported action of the military, in unseating persons, claiming to be members of the Louisiana legislature, and giving their places to persons contesting, is true, and is legal and proper, then the same interference would be legal and proper here, and it seemed to me to be the duty of the representatives of the people of this State to at once enter a vigorous protest against any action that may be made a precedent at some future time for the overthrow of the civil government here. If there is a law warranting the settling of contested election cases in State legislatures by the use of federal authority, then, in my judgment, you should request its immediate repeal. If there is no law for it, then your indignant protest should be heard at Washington, insisting upon such action by Congress as will prevent, in the future, such flagrant outrages against civil liberty.

THE MASSACHUSETTS GOVERNOR'S OPINION.

BOSTON, Jan. 7.—Gov. Gaston in his message refers to the Louisiana matter as follows: "The presence of armed force of the United States in the legislature of a State, for the purpose of settling an election contest between political parties, is a matter of great concern to all the people of all the States—more especially in case where the possible effect of such presence may be to subvert the popular will, and impose upon the people rulers whom they have not selected. I invite the immediate attention of the legislature to this subject."

INTERVIEW WITH THE GRAND MASTER OF THE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 7.—This afternoon Mr. James H. Hopkins, Grand Master of the Knights Templar of the United States, who accompanied the noble army of Knights Templar to New Orleans recently, was interviewed regarding Louisiana affairs. He said that he had only incidentally met Mr. Adams; but there was a man for whom he seemed to entertain the highest respect, and that was Mr. R. H. Marr, chairman of the committee of safety. He stated that Mr. Marr is a man 70 years of age, white-haired, and very much respected by everybody in New Orleans. He had had several talks with him, in the course of which he had told him about the engagement on the 14th of September. Mr. Hopkins expressed surprise that after obtaining power, Mr. Marr had been so well able to control the people. This matter was explained by Marr, who said there was nothing of the riotous element in the White League; that they are men of intelligence, and only needed a suggestion as to what was proper to do and it was carried out. On a suggestion as to what should be done, said Marr, every man assented, and of course undertook to execute the order of the White league. On the occasion of the riot in September last, he rode along the lines when they were drawn up, and impressed upon them that there should be no violence; that under no force of circumstances was there to be any resistance to the United States troops. In the course of the conversation Mr. Marr claimed that the people of the State were loyal to the general government; that there was no conflict at all between them and the United States authorities, and should be none; it was simply a question between the people of Louisiana and men who had usurped authority over them and were plundering them. He stated what is already known. When the United States troops were drawn in line, the White league presented arms and saluted them.

Reporter—Did you meet any banditti?

Mr. Hopkins—None that I know of; if I did, they were well disguised as very hospitable, intelligent, and agreeable gentlemen. I spent two weeks in New Orleans, and, after observations and having mingled with the people, have failed to see any such disposition as Gen. Sheridan discovered after two days' visit. During my stay, while I met men from Louisiana and all the Southern States, I did not hear a single statement of disloyalty expressed toward the national government. I met many who had served in the Confederate army, and they said that, upon any occasion upon which the United States needed recruits, they would furnish three to one in the North, in proportion to population, to defend the national flag.

At the close of the interview, Mr. Hopkins stated that the manner in which the people of Louisiana were being plundered by politicians was outrageous, and cited as an instance that the tax collector made $150,000 a year, and that other officers made amounts approximating that sum.

A MARSHAL OF THIS REPUBLIC.

Among the Americans who attended a ball given at the Hotel de Ville, Paris, when John Y. Mason was our Minister there, was Jack Spicer, of Kentucky. Jack rushed the dress somewhat strong, and sported epaulettes on his shoulders large enough to start four Major Generals in business. Jack was the observed of all observers, and got mixed up with a party that his friends could not account for. Wherever the Marshals of France went, there went Jack, and when the marshals sat down, Jack did the same, always taking the post of honor. The day after the ball Jack called on our Minister to France, who started up a conversation in the following way:

"I hear, Jack, you were at the ball last evening."

"I was, sir, and had a high old time."

"For which you were indebted, I suppose, to the high old company you got mixed up with. By the way, how came you associated with the Marshals?"

"How? By virtue of my office. They were Marshals of France, while I am nothing else than a marshal of the republic. I showed my commission, and took post accordingly."

"By right of your office! What do you mean?"

"Read and see!"

Here Jack presented Mr. Mason with a whitey brown paper, with a seal big enough for a four-pound weight.

"What in the name of heaven is this?"

"My commission of 'marshal,' I received in 1850 when I assisted in taking the census in Frankfort."

"You don't mean to say that you travel on this?"

"I don't mean anything else. That makes me a 'marshal' of the republic, and I intend to have the office duly honored."

Mr. Mason allowed that Jack was doing a very large business on a very small capital.—*Cincinnati Star.*

A STAR SENATOR.—All Senators, when accompanied by their families, have a star against their names in the Congressional Directory. A somewhat noted Senator was marked in this way, and a lady drove to his hotel and was shown into the parlor. Her card found its way to the gifted Senator, who was disposing of his noontime indigestion. He deliberately finished his meal, and then sauntered into the reception room, expecting to be encountered by some female lobbyist. Seating himself, he gave the fair lady a prolonged stare. "Is your family well, Senator?" she asked, breaking the awkward silence. "Well, madam," replied the Senator, "as I haven't any family, I may say it is well." "I beg your pardon, sir," she said; "as the directory indicates the presence of your family. I called to pay my respects. I wish you good day, sir;" and she left.—*Boston Post.*

JUST SO.—The Louisville *Courier-Journal* gets off this:

They now accuse Phelps and Foster of "treason to the party." It is always "treason to the party" when you refuse to lie or steal for it. Foster and Phelps are good Republicans, just as we are good Democrats. Only the drill-masters cannot flourish the pop-lash over them or us. There's where the shoe pinches.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

The Rain Storm in California.

CHICO, Jan. 20.—The storm of the last few days has been the most severe for years in this section. Warm rain in the mountains has melted large quantities of snow which has raised the streams higher than they have been for years. The telegraph wires have been washed out between Marysville and Sacramento; also between this place and the latter point. Yesterday reports were received that the track of the C. P. R. R. is washed away. One hundred and fifty feet and about 150 feet of embankment was washed away at Bear river near Wheatland. No telegraphic communication with Marysville to-day.

Marysville Flooded.

Reports received via Oroville and Biggs' this evening say Marysville has been flooded. On D street the water stood two feet deep. If that is so, the whole country in that vicinity is flooded.

["Bigg's is 16 miles south of Chico. No communication south of there to-day."]

INAUGURATION OF GOV. SAM'L J. TILDEN.

MODEL ADDRESSES BY THE RETIRING AND THE INCOMING GOVERNORS OF NEW YORK.

[From the Albany Evening Journal.

No finer weather could have been desired by the most exacting of our gallant militia men for the parade than that which prevailed yesterday. The air was crisp and clear, and it seemed as though both earth and air had combined to render the occasion one of marked note, in contrast with other inauguration days.

AT THE CAPITOL.

On arriving at the Capitol, the Governor and staff alighted from their carriages and proceeded direct to the Executive Chamber, where Gov. Dix and staff were in waiting to receive him. A cordial hand-shaking took place, and in the meantime the Lieutenant-Governor took his seat behind the clerk's desk in the chamber. At five minutes to eleven o'clock a passage way was cleared through the densely crowded hall from the Executive Chamber to the entrance of the Assembly Chamber, and Governor Dix arm-in-arm with Governor-elect Tilden, passed into the chamber followed by their respective staffs. In this order they passed into the chamber, all the desks having been removed, then separating in open order, Gov. Dix proceeded to the platform by the right and Mr. Tilden by the left. When quiet was restored, Gov. Dix in a firm, clear voice addressed the Governor-elect as follows:

GOVERNOR DIX'S REMARKS.

Mr. Tilden: The people of the State have called you to preside over the administration of their government by a majority which manifests the highest confidence in your integrity, ability and firmness. I need not say to you, who have had so long and familiar an acquaintance with public affairs, that in a State of such magnitude as ours, with interests so vast and diversified, there is a constant demand upon its chief magistrate, for the exercise of those essential attributes of statesmanship. It is gratifying to know that the amendments to the Constitution, approved and ratified by the people at the late general election, by limiting the powers of the Legislature in regard to local and special laws, will in some degree lighten the burden of your arduous and responsible duties. While a ma- [illegible] has been made during the last two years in the correction of abuses, much remains to be done; and the distinguished part you have borne in the work of municipal reform in the city of New York gives assurance that under your auspices the great interests of the State will be vigilantly guarded. I tender you my sincere wish that your labors in the cause of good government may be as successful here as they have been elsewhere, and that your administration may redound to your high honor and to the lasting prosperity of the people of the State.

The response of Gov. Tilden was as follows:

GOV. TILDEN'S REMARKS.

Governor Dix—It is he who has completed a period of distinguished public services, and having gathered all his honors, has nothing left to him but to lay down its burdens, that is to be truly congratulated on this occasion. I cannot stand in this hall to assume the chief executive trusts of the people of this State, now to be transferred by you, without my thoughts turning upon him—Silas Wright—your friend and mine, and my father's, who held it when in early manhood, I came here to sustain his administration. In the interval, how vast and diversified have the interests become which are under the guardianship of the State administration. To build up this commonwealth in her policy and institutions until they shall become a greater blessing to all the people within their jurisdiction, and an example worthy of imitation by the communities, is a work far surpassing any object of human ambition. I had hoped to pass the coming winter in the cradle of ancient literature and arts, instead of which I undertake the duties which you have so honorably performed. I understand that you will find an opportunity of visiting a portion of our own country not inferior in natural advantages to the renowned climes of the old world. I felicitate you on the pleasures to which you may look forward by reason of your fortunate transfer, and beg to assure you that you and your accomplished lady and other members of your family, will carry with you my warmest wishes for your happiness in those recreations in all your future.

Gov. Tilden was much affected in the allusion to Silas Wright, and seemed for a time scarcely able to proceed.

At the conclusion of his remarks, Secretary of State Willers stepped forward and administered the oath.

A NOVEL BOOTJACK.

Major Rogers had been out shooting, and had discharged all his guns, when an elephant made a charge at him from the skirts of the jungle. There was no help for it except to run, and for four hundred yards the major kept just ahead, feeling at every step as if the animal's trunk was trying to twist itself about him. A turn round a tree gave him a momentary advantage, which he made the most of by springing up into its branches. One foot higher, and he would have been out of the elephant's reach; but before he had time to draw up his legs, the elephant had got him firmly clenched in the toils of his proboscis. Still Rogers pulled against him, thinking it better to have his leg wrenched from the socket, than to fall back bodily into the animal's power. The struggle, however, did not last long; for, to the delight of the pursued and the chagrin of the pursuer, the Wellington boot which the former wore slipped off, and saved the life of poor Rogers. The dilemma, however, did not end there; for the elephant, finding himself balked of his prey, after destroying the boot, took up his quarters beneath the branches, and kept his anticipated victim in the tree for twenty-four hours, when the country postman happened to pass by. Rogers gave him notice of his position, and soon help came, and the elephant was frightened away by tomtoms and yelling. Had this occurred in a deserted part of the jungle, the officer must have been starved to death in the tree.

William R. Hervey, of Louisville, has in his possession a manuscript speech of Henry Clay's delivered at Maxwell Springs, in the suburbs of Lexington, Ky., on the 9th of June, 1842. It fills twenty-five pages of letter paper, and was said by Mr. Clay to have been the only speech he ever wrote out before delivery. The only reason why this one was committed to paper with such care was that it contained a foreshadowing of the platform upon which he proposed going before the country as a candidate for the Presidency at the next election. The manuscript was committed to Mr. Hervey's hands to be printed in the Lexington *Intelligencer*, which newspaper he was then publishing in the interest of the Clay party.

XIBALBA.

OUR BURIED EMPIRES—A REMARKABLE ARTICLE ON ANCIENT AMERICA.

The researches of Bourburg, says a writer in the St. Louis *Republican*, prove the existence of a great Mexico-Central American empire in ancient times, called Xibalba. The kings of this old American empire reigned in couples. Together they constituted a grand council of the empire. They had a tradition of a flood, which they called the Atlas, from atl, (water), the etymology of which world is found only in the Nahuatl tongue. Here we find the derivation of the various names, Nahau-atlan, Maz-atlan, and Atlan, which have been given to cities and towns of Mexico and Central America.

But the limits of a newspaper article forbid the citation of all the evidence which might be adduced from ancient authorities in relation to the American continent. There is scarcely ground for doubt that this continent had been visited by the Irish before the beginning of the sixth century of our era. Indeed, Virgil, a saint of that country, was accused by a bishop to Pope Zachary of teaching heresy respecting the existence of a continent on the western side of the Atlantic, and made a journey to Rome to defend himself. He succeeded in convincing the Pontiff that his countrymen had had intercourse with a country beyond the ocean.

But the most remarkable part of these relations is the evidence that America was peopled by a great and prosperous race; that splendid cities existed and mighty monarchs reigned.

It was doubtless

THE GOLDEN AGE

Of the ancient American civilization, when the stranger came to Carthage and when the Meropes visited the Hyperboreans. The venerable man, who we are told came to Chios before the time of Alexander from the great island beyond the Atlantic ocean, might have been a sage from Uxmal, Ometiple, Atlan, Palenque, or Cholula. Or it may be possible that he went from that still more ancient seat of civilization, the relics of which remain in the county of Chickasaw, Mississippi.

What mean the pyramids of the Yazoo valley? These huge piles of earth, reared by human hands, were the work of a race every authentic trace of which has vanished. In the valley of the Tennessee, near the town of Florence, in Alabama, there is a mound or pyramid still about 70 feet high, the four sides of which face the cardinal points of the compass, and are formed with geometrical precision. The base of this great work covers a little more than an acre of ground. In the immediate vicinity of this large pyramid there are four smaller ones, which occupy the position of corners, inclosing a perfect quadrangular space. This great pyramid was doubtless, at some time in the forgotten past, surrounded by a temple, in which the ancient American sun worshipers performed their devotions. Perhaps at the very time when the subjects of Sesostris were building the walls and gates of Thebes, a great city covered this plain, through whose streets busy thousands rushed. But the city has crumbled away, and the people have passed to oblivion's shoreless gulf.

In the region from

FORT PILLOW TO VICKSBURG,

And from the Mississippi to the Tennessee and Tombigbee, there are remains of ancient civilization found in many localities. At Fort Pickering, below Memphis, and at Florence, Ala., and between Hernando and Commerce, and in Chickasaw county, and along the Yazoo river, and near the town of Portersville, Tenn., there are collections of burial mounds and pyramidal temple sites, covering large areas, which show that in these localities the predecessors of the wild Indians had stately cities. But those who reared them and dwelt in them lie entombed in their ruins.

We can almost trace the course of civilization on the American continent by the monuments which have been left. The mound-builders of the northern parts of America gave place to savage tribes from the region still further north. They were doubtless hordes of Scythians, forced out of Asia by some earlier Zenghis Khans and Tamerlanes, who precipitated themselves on the more civilized and pacific dwellers in American cities, as their kindred barbarians poured down upon the luxury-enervated Romans, and came near extinguishing the torch of civilization which for centuries had illuminated the shores of the Mediterranean.

FORCED FROM THEIR ANCIENT SEATS

By the fresh irruption of savage Mongolians, who were the progenitors of most of the North American tribes of Indians, the mound-builders, who had received their civilization from the early Phœnician adventurers, migrated southward through Texas and New Mexico, and finally into the central and southern parts of Mexico. There they built other cities and founded empires. May not the Colhuas, who were the builders of Penlenque, Uxmal, Cholula, Teotihuacan, and Subtiaba before the era of Toltecan civilization, have been the expatriated mound-builders who once inhabited the Mississippi valley? The Toltecs succeeded them, and the two people were so intermingled that the very legends of the Colhuas were forgotten. Doubtless the civilization of both the Colhuas and their immediate successors, the Toltecs, was from time to time promoted by the advent among them of castaway crews of the maritime people on the borders of the Mediterranean sea. These navigators, sailing along the coast of Africa, without compass or reckoning, were frequently caught in storms, and driven far out to sea when reaching the westward-flowing currents, they were wafted to the American shores. To return was impossible, inasmuch as they knew not of a certainty the direction whence they came. Thus making a grace of necessity, they became the teachers of the people among whom they were cast. Montezuma told Cortez that he was sprung from the bearded white men, who, ages before, had come across the Alantic in ships, and taught his people the arts of civilized life.

THE TOLTECS SUCCEED TO THE EMPIRE

Of the Colhuas, and doubtless during the continuance of their ascendancy was the golden age of North American civilization. "They reared temples and pyramids and built cities and cultivated farms and practiced many of the industrial arts common to that age of the world. They are credited with having built the great pyramid of the sun and its companion wonder, the pyramid of the moon, at Teotihuican, more than 500 years before the advent of Cortez in Mexico.

More than three centuries previous to the Spanish invasion and conquest of Mexico the Toltecs had been vanquished by a fiercer and more warlike people, the Aztecs, who came from the north. These made extensive conquests and subjugated many of the aboriginal tribes adjacent. The influence of the Toltecan civilization was not lost on their conquerors.

The Aztecs had made considerable progress toward civilization under a dynasty of monarchs, who, it appears, preferred the arts of peace to a waste caused by war, when the Conquistadors came and blotted out the last remains of aboriginal civilization on the continent of North America. The last empire was buried amid slaughter and devastation. But the painted rocks of Managua, the neglected gods of Subtiaba and Pensacola, the earth pyramids of the Yazoo, the River of Ruins, as the name signifies, Casas Granges, of New Mexico, and Arizona, the ruined temples of Cholula, Xochimilco, Palenque, Uxmal, and Ometepic, are evidences of a golden age of civilization in America, as well as in Europe, far back in the past.

The Zunia villages of New Mexico—the ancient Cibola of the Spanish chroniclers, still preserves some traces of the Aztec civilization which prevailed before the era of the European settlement. These people

MADE ADOBES AND BUILT HOUSES,

and cultivated the soil, and domesticated animals, and manufactured cloth, and made vessels of clay, and in some of the advanced arts of civilized life excelled hundreds of years before the voyage of Columbus. Fabrics are now made as they were made ages ago, and the skill of men, with all the boasted appliances of machinery, has never been able to produce textures equal to the Zunian blankets. Major Grimes, of the United States army, now stationed in this city, served for a considerable time in New Mexico, and while there collected many specimens of the handiwork of the strange people who still dwell in the renowned Cibola, the modern Zunia. A *Tonaha* waterpot, beautifully decorated, brought by him from the Zunia villages, may be seen at the Mining Exchange, on Fourth street, in this city. This work shows the manufacturer to have been both skillful and artistic.

Fragments of the works of men lie scattered over the continent from the lakes to the isthmus. Images and temples crumbling in ruins attest the high degree of civilization attained by the inhabitants of the lost empires of America. The mound-builders of the United States, driven by fierce hordes of barbarous Indians—Scythian Tartars—took refuge in Mexico and Central America, and mingling with the Southern Mongolians, who, coming across the Pacific ocean from China and Japan, and the Malayans, who had also established themselves on this continent, they laid the foundation of that civilization which, after undergoing many mutations, had established itself in the valley of Mexico, where Cortes found it.

RELIGION, A LAW.

What is the purpose of the church? what is the object of religion?

To get the Ten Commandments kept!

We may say "to save souls," "to glorify God," "to benefit humanity." But all these answers, like every right answer, will find place under the one answer—"To get the Ten Commandments kept."

The advantage and beauty of this answer are in its precision. People have various notions about what saving souls means. They have different opinions on the subject of glorifying God. They have a thousand contradictory plans to benefit humanity. But every man knows what it is to break or keep the plain Ten Commandments.

Popular christianity, in whatsoever form it comes, is putting on an element of unreality. It delights in vagueness, in large phrases, in glittering generalities. It has taken to sentimentalizing. Vagueness about doctrine is always next door to vagueness about duty. Instead of duty we hear about "aspiration;" instead of keeping the commandments, about "lofty yearnings after a higher life."

One class of christians, indeed, throw away the law as a fetter of slavery, and boldly proclaim the need only of feeling and emotion and spirited insight.

Another class, talks about "counsels of perfection," the "higher life," and is beginning to encourage people in a special sentimentalism of its own, namely, that graces may be had without sacraments, blessings special and peculiar by a breach of the commandment, if it be broken in humility and that there are spiritual ways of obedience while the letter is disobeyed.

Indeed the tendency to substitute dreams, fancies, emotions, aspirations, longings for duty and commands obeyed, is a perennial one among them. There are luxuries to be found in what may be called religion, luxuries for the intellect, in splendid dreams and gorgeous fancies, luxuries for the heart in emotion, raptures and ecstasies, and luxuries for the moral sense in asceticism and counsels of perfection, and new inventions of worship over and above what is written.

And these luxuries have at various times seduced the minds of men. Some have been the temptation at one time, some at another. In our day all these are tempting.

We close them all under the one head of *sentimentalism*.

We know nothing about God except what He tells us. Doctrine is precise and definite or it is nothing. It is a rock, a mountain range of solid granite truth, not a hazy cloud bank, gorgeous though the cloud bank be, at rising or at setting sun, with golden fringe on purple shadows. We know nothing of duty except what God tells us, and His commands are the orders of the Master of Life or they are nothing. He lays down duty—plain things to be done, which a man *must* do or renounce His service. He gives us a code to live by, not a vague phantom of impossible excellence floating white and shadowy in the mist of dreams.

If, as we suspect, there are those who fancy that by wrapping up the frank, clear-cut features of Christianity in a veil of sentimentalism, they are about to protect them from the attacks of infidels, and save the Faith by making it so indefinite that no enemy can tell what it is or where it is, we should tell such defenders that we fear them more than the "infidels." Guesses are not worth fighting for in religion or anything else. "Aspirations" are very unimportant when duty has departed, and questions of no great consequence when the commandments have ceased to bind.

Therefore, christians need to rid themselves of sentimentalism and cant. They need to remember that the whole business of the church of God is to get the plain Ten Commandments kept among men; that church, sacraments, ministry, prayer and preaching alike are valuable in the degree in which they help mankind to reach that end—that for that end, indeed all these exist. That, in short, religion is a plain law, with not a bit of cant or sentimentalism about it, the most practical thing going, in a practical world.

To get men and women to live honest, truthful, upright, chaste and charitable lives is the end of the whole business; and to preach to men that all their "aspirations," and emotions and imaginings are mere delusions unless such lives are lived; that for those who do not lead such lives there waits, in this world and in the other—in all possible worlds of a good God, indeed—something, which the plain-speaking word of God calls *damnation*, is the business of all honest christian teachers and preachers.

Sentimentalism has never yet fought a battle and won, has never yet defended successfully a single post. The religion of fixed doctrine and uncompromising duty is the religion which alone has won its way in this evil world. To meet the hard facts of evil, we need the equally hard facts of good. The world must be amused at the polite concessions christianity makes it, for the world knows thoroughly how contemptible a thing itself is. The worldly man knows well how mean his life is. Both know that the eternal facts of God's universe are against them, and they both respect only the religion that tells them so.

The world will never be saved by a religion of sentiment or aspiration, nor by a religion of æsthetics and artificial devotions. It needs and will submit only to the christianity of plain believing and doing—the christianity which teaches it the Creed, and insists that it must keep its hands from picking and stealing, and its tongue from evil speaking, lying and slandering, and its body in temperance soberness and chastity, or all the aspirations and æsthetics and devotions in the world will not save either its body or its soul.—*H. M. Thompson.*

A SINGING MOUSE.—The Montgomery (Ala.) *Advertiser* says: "Mr. W. C. Fuller placed on our table yesterday that grand natural curiosity, the singing mouse, spoken of in a communication from Greenville, published in this paper several days ago. The little songster is of the ordinary sized mouse, with the same appearance, differing only in the peculiar size and shape of its ears, they being longer and wider than usual, resembling somewhat those of a donkey. He is secured in a diminutive tin squirrel cage, with whirligig attached, plays, incessantly, never seeming to tire, especially at night, when he turns and sings the whole night through without cessation, and at times so loud that a person could not sleep in the same room. His songs resemble those of canary birds, more than anything else, but with much greater variety of tones."

A beautiful brunette at Harrisburg is a dead shot with rifle and pistol, and she carries her ammunition in her bustle.

OREGON.

Prof. T. M. Gatch has resigned as a member of the common council of Salem.

A public installation of the officers of Monmouth Grange took place last Saturday.

Gov. Grover has appointed W. H. Holmes, of Dallas, a notary public for Polk county.

A good many of the schools in the country temporarily suspended during the cold spell.

The city marshal of Salem has been presented with a neat official badge by some of the citizens.

From reports in our exchanges and by telegraph, a cold snap, which did not visit Portland in all its intenseness, passed over the middle and southern part of the valley last Saturday and Sunday.

A friend at Scio informs us that a dwelling house, owned by Dr. S. W. Dodd and occupied by Dr. Herndon, at that place, was partially consumed by fire on the night of the 19th inst. The loss was about $200.

W. R. Dunbar, G. W. C. T., on the 18th inst. organized a lodge of I. O. of G. T., at Jefferson, with a good membership. S. T. Johnson is W. C. T.; C. B. Roland, W. S.; E. N. Thomas, P. W. C. T.; L. C. Conser, Lodge Deputy.

The *Messenger* says the Philosophian and Hesperian societies, of Monmouth College, had a "wordy war" one evening last week on the resolution, "That man's character, from birth to death, is formed by circumstances independent of his will."

President T. F. Campbell, of Monmouth, Polk county, was the favored recipient of a boquet of rare flowers, picked on Christmas Day. Miss Emma Lindsay was the donor, and displayed taste and skill in its arrangement. Among the flowers were heliotrope, verbena, geranium and several others which thrive only in warm countries.

Mayor Wright in his annual message to the Common Council of Salem, deems that a tax of seven mills on the dollar will pay the current expenses of the city government during the coming year. He advises an increase in the police force; the creation of the office of Fire Warden to be filled by the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, at a salary of $500 per annum; objects to the system of transferring licenses and suggests that the salary of the city attorney be raised to such sum as the services merit.

The Galice creek mines are still attracting a good deal of attention in Jackson and Josephine counties. There are three well defined leads, reported, running parallel to each other. The largest is about 270 feet wide, the next 80 feet, and the third is 30 feet in width. They have been traced through the country for a distance of ten miles, and taken up by those in search. The assay of the ore is from $80 to $90 per ton, about two-thirds silver and one-third gold. The work so far has been principally on the surface.

THE TERRITORIES.

Comstock, who discovered the famous gold mine that bears his name, blew his brains out at Bozeman, Montana, in the fall of 1870, and was led to the rash act by [illegible] and want. Virginia and San Francisco can well afford to erect a monument of silver to the memory of poor John Comstock, who disposed of the lode for a mule, a shotgun and a bottle of whisky.

The supreme court of Utah began its first session under the act of Congress known as the Poland bill on the 11th inst. Chief Justice McKean and Associate Justices Boreman and Emerson compose the bench of the highest judicial tribunal of the Territory. There are only seven new cases on the calendar, among which is that of the Cain heirs against Brigham Young and others, on appeal from the district court, which involves the title to real estate valued at half a million dollars.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.

[Special dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—The failure of the firm of Henry Clews & Co., announced several weeks ago in the *Tribune*, has been followed by proceedings throwing the firm and two of its members, Clews and Theodore Fowler, into bankruptcy. Their schedules were filed to-day before the register in bankruptcy. Many weeks have been occupied in preparing these schedules. The creditors are several hundred in number, the amounts of indebtedness ranging from 5 cents to $690,000. Among larger creditors are F. Butterfield & Co., $690,980; the London house of Clews, Habricht & Co., $687,000; the Manufacturers' and Builders' Bank of New York, $209,000; J. S. Post, of Brooklyn, $193,000 in gold; Fourth National Bank of New York, $250,000; First National Bank of Boston, $100,000; Six & Co., Havana, $114,000; the firm of Henry Clews & Co., $160,000. The subscription to Alice Carey loses $120 in gold. The Republican State committee loses $11,000, and the firm seems to have borrowed from Clews' private election fund $2,000. Among other assets is stock of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota Railroad Company to the face value of $2,200,000.

WHY THERE ARE "MOLLY MAGUIRES."—A correspondent of the Philadelphia *P.*, writing from the anthracite coal fields, shows that while it costs but $2 18, at present rates of wages to mine and prepare for market a ton of anthracite coal, it costs $2 02 per ton to carry it over the railroad to Philadelphia. Only $1 12 per ton, of $2 18 which it costs to get the coal ready for market, goes to the miner and the laborers. The operators now propose to reduce the wages 15 per cent.; and this reduction, when made, will reduce the prime cost of a ton of coal just 17 cents—no more and no less. It is very plain from these figures that a reduction in the miners' wages will have scarcely a perceptible effect upon the price of the coal itself. It now costs $4 20 to lay down a ton of coal in Philadelphia, and a reduction of 15 per cent. in the miners' and laborers' would bring the cost down to $4 03 per ton. If, therefore, the market price of anthracite coal to furnaces, factories and other large consumers, is to be materially reduced, something more is needed than a mere curtailment of laborers' wages. The cost of transportation must also come down. It will not do, in the light of these facts, to put all the burden of high prices on the poor miners. If they, and the laborers, were to work for nothing, the cost of coal would only be reduced a small fraction over a dollar a ton. Cheap coal means cheap transportation as well as cheap mining; and we shall believe the operators and the railroads are in earnest when they apply to themselves the same standards as they are anxious to apply to the miners.—*Pittsburgh Commercial.*

TORTURED AND FROZEN TO DEATH.—St. Louis, Jan. 7.—The *Republican* has a special from Topeka, Kan., stating that Joseph B. North, alias "Buffalo Joe," who murdered George Jones on Christmas evening a year ago, was hanged to a telegraph pole by a mob on the night of December 30, at Wallace, Kansas. The knot of the rope with which he was hanged caught under his chin and did not choke him; so he hung for a long time in that position; talking to the mob, imploring them to release him, but received only jeers in return. He did not die for over two hours, and finally froze to death. The sheriff of Ellis county is after the mob, and the leaders will soon be captured.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. } { E. C. LORD, Portland

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

Sole Agents for the J. H. Cutter

Old BOURBON WHISKEY,

And Importers of

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.

431 Jackson St., San Francisco,

And 25 Front Street, [illegible]

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take [illegible] Sunday, Aug. 2d, 1874, at 6 A. M.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY), As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Portland ....7:30 A. M.	Roseburg ....7:30 P. M.
Roseburg......5:00 A. M.	Portland ....4:15 P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows:

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Portland.........3:30 P. M.	Albany......... [illegible] P. M.
Albany...........5:30 A. M.	Portland......... [illegible] A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Portland... 6:15 A. M.	Junction [illegible] P. M.
Junction ... 5:[illegible] A. M.	Portland [illegible] P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry [illegible] with all Regular Trains.

[illegible] are made at [illegible] the Stages of the Oregon and California [illegible] Company.

Tickets for Sale to all the principal [illegible] in California and the East, at Company's Office, Cor. F[illegible] and Front [illegible], at Railroad [illegible] Portland.

[illegible] will be [illegible] Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be [illegible] for [illegible] 4 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l [illegible]

E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l F. Agent and [illegible]

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.

To [illegible] 23, 1874, at 6 A. M.

Daily Trains will run bet[illegible]

PORTLAND AND ST. JOSEPH

AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Portland.........2:00 P. M.	St. Joseph........ 4:00 P. M.
St. Joseph......7:00 A. M.	Portland........11:00 A. M.

Connecting at [illegible] for Forest Grove; at St. Joseph for all points South and West; Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, [illegible] Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

[illegible] on giving signal to the [illegible] getting on or off the train at any other point on the [illegible]

Passengers [illegible] on the train at [illegible] without [illegible] will be [illegible] twenty-five cents extra.

On and after [illegible], there will be no [illegible]

[illegible] at the [illegible] New Warehouse, and will not be [illegible] after 4 P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, [illegible]

[illegible]

SUMMER EXCURSION

[illegible] via O. S. N. Co., N. P. R. R. and P. S. S. N. Co.

ROUND TRIP, $20!

To [illegible] CLUBS OF [illegible] OR MORE, [illegible] will be sold for the above rates.

This route [illegible] trips on the [illegible]

Tickets for sale at the [illegible] of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE,

H. W. FAIRWEATHER,
Gen'l [illegible]

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

RE-OPENED!

CLARENDON HOTEL!

Corner of F[illegible] Sts.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL, NEWLY FURnished throughout in a [illegible], is now open for the [illegible]

The [illegible] and the Best Table in [illegible]

Situated within two [illegible] of the [illegible] of the Oregon and California and Oregon Central Railroads, and within one [illegible] of the [illegible] of the Oregon Steamship Company.

Street Cars pass the [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

HALL [illegible]

[illegible] HOTEL,

Corner Front and Yamhill sts.,

J. B. KELLOGG, - - PROPRIETOR

Everything New—[illegible]
Good Table—Moderate Rates

THOMPSON HOUSE,

First and Jefferson Sts.

Board and Lodging, per [illegible]	$5 00
Board, without Lodging	4 00
Board and Lodging, per day	75

The House is new and hard finished, and the board is as good as any first class house.

HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT.

Men with families will be charged [illegible].
A Wagon attends the Steamers and Railroads.
Employers in want of help, please call.

Roseburg Hotel & Restaurant.

DOUGLAS CO., OREGON,

First Class House and the best in the City.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
GOOD BEDS AND CLEAN ROOMS.
GIVE ME A CALL.

H. H. HIGLEY, PROPRIETOR.
n3d6m

JAS. L. KING, Notary Public. EDW'D CHATTIN, Commissioner for Oregon.

KING & CHATTIN,

(Successors to F. J. Thibault, deceased.)

Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds

For all the States and Territories,

CONVEYANCERS,

REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENTS,

Office 418 California St., San Francisco, California.

Particular attention given to the taking of Depositions. [illegible]

DELINQUENT TAX NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Directors of School District No. 1, in Multnomah county, Oregon, has authorized the Clerk to give an extension of time of 30 days, from the 24th of December, 1874, for the payment of delinquent taxes. After which further [illegible] will be made by distraint and sale of property.

d31 1m J. D. HOLMAN.

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING JANUARY 21 1875

WHEN WILL IT END?

It has never been pretended by any one in Congress or out of it save Senator Morton and a few of his followers, that the government which now exists in Louisiana is in fact a legal one In the course of Mr Carpenter s famous speech in the Senate (March 1873) Senator Stewart fitly characterized the rival governments in this epigram The McEnery government stands on fraudulent returns and the Kellogg government on votes never cast Or as Carpenter puts it The McEnery government stands on fraud, and the Kellogg government stands on hope deferred" It has thus been all but universally conceded that neither McEnery nor Kellogg is legal Governor of Louisiana As for President Grant, he seems to have occupied an anomalous position on this question In his recent message on Louisiana affairs he speaks of the election of 1872 as ' a gigantic fraud ' and expresses the opinion that the great crime in Louisiana is that one is holding office as Governor who was cheated out of [illegible],000 votes, against another whose title is undoubtedly based on fraud '

We opine the people of the United States are heartily sick of the disorders and contentions which have made the name of Louisiana a hissing and a shame among the States They have tired of the spectacle of a free State ruled and ruined by a set of political desperadoes, who neither know nor reverence the law They cannot stomach that kind of republican government, which not only does not derive its power from the consent of the governed, but is administered in open defiance of the will of the people They solemnly protest against rule by the military power in time of peace They can not understand how the President is bound to carry out the order of a corrupt court in its full spirit, and beyond the especial case for which it was made They would have applauded him had he said to Kellogg, two weeks ago last Monday 'The Executive department has done its whole duty by you in sustaining the decree which made you Governor Your legislature is about to convene, and if any troops are needed, let requisition be made in accordance with the Constitution which requires that when domestic violence in a State is apprehended, the legislature of the State being in session, the demand must come from that branch of the government" Last summer a howl went up to Washington from Mississippi Gov Ames telegraphed the President that an election was to be held in Mississippi, that the White League was preparing to massacre every citizen who dared to vote the Republican ticket, and that unless Federal troops were sent there, the streets of Vicksburg would run with the blood of defenseless negroes, etc, *ad nauseam* The President very sensibly refused to send an army into Vicksburg The result was that there never was held a quieter election in that part of the State Had the same course been pursued in New Orleans on the 4th inst the result might have been the same The people of Louisiana have respected the Federal authority and have carefully avoided all conflict with it

So long as the President confined the use of the military power to executing the decrees of a United States court, he was sustained by the people It was only when they saw one of the plainest provisions of the Constitution set at naught all the laws made in pursuance thereof annulled and all the precedents of a century disregarded, that they began to protest against the substitution of the military for the civil authority in time of peace President Grant may have been right in sustaining Kellogg (the OREGONIAN holds that he was) but it does not now appear that he is bound to go outside the Constitution to sustain Kellogg's friends

And now how long must this condition of things last? It is plain enough that so long as Kellogg and his underlings are upheld by the Federal authority in all they do, there can be no change in the State government The opponents of the present dynasty may have an overwhelming majority of votes at every election, but that majority will always be powerless against the frauds of a Returning Board backed by United States bayonets It is now ten years since the war ended Isn't it about time we were saying to the people of the South ' If you cannot maintain a republican form of government, we will put you under military rule?" But what if before that is said we give them one chance to demonstrate their fitness or unfitness? Suppose Republican politicians give up for a time, the business of making a State Republican by the use of the army what then?

A POSITIVE DANGER

The sceptre has departed from Israel Those who believe in the ingratitude of republics can "point with pride' to the Republican Senatorial caucus in Maine where one of the Washburne family—Israel Washburne—was beaten by Hamlin He received only 18 out of 110 votes Sound the hewgag and beat the tomtom! Republican institutions are in danger when a Washburne can not get office

But there is a solitary gleam of hope from Wisconsin There the innumerable caravan of office seekers which follows every scion of the original Washburne is moving heaven and earth to defeat Matt Carpenter Some of the members of the Legislature who were elected on anti-Carpenter platforms show signs of yielding to the wonderful magnetism of that remarkable man and active partisans of Cad Washburne are scouring the country for signatures to petitions exhorting [illegible] to stand firm If Carpenter should finally be re elected the downfall of the republic must be dated from the decadence of the Washburne family

A correspondent who solemnly avers that he does not like to see any man [illegible] under the burden of an unjust accusation calls our attention to the fact that Mr Gaston vigorously repudiates the authorship of the letters signed Independent now being published in the *Bulletin* We are glad on Gaston's account but it's terrible rough on the other man

OUTLAWRY IN MISSOURI

Even if the blood curdling stories told of them be true Louisiana and Mississippi are not the only States in the Union where life and property are insecure Missouri has for a year past been infested by a small army of outlaws who have committed the most daring outrages Murder highway robbery arson—all the graver crimes have been perpetrated in thickly settled neighborhoods and the perpetrators have gone unpunished So frequent have these outrages become of late that Governor Woodson, in his retiring message to the Legislature, calls on that body to provide measures for the suppression of the outlaws He says that Indian Territory is the home hiding place and base of operations of hundreds of desperate characters who periodically cross the borders of the State to murder the inhabitants and pillage their homes So numerous and powerful are these bands, that anywhere in Central Missouri they can for weeks defy all the power of the State Governor Woodson recommends that a strong militia force be raised to hunt the desperadoes down

If the OREGONIAN has any readers who love carpet baggers they will be displeased with this comment by the Chicago *Tribune*, on a report that Senator West of Louisiana, is displeased with the nomination of Don Pardee as Durell s successor

If the usual courtesy among senators oblige them to reject a nominee to a very important judgeship because a carpet bagger is indignant at the President's neglect to nominate some political hack then the sooner the senators become impolite the better They cannot begin to take lessons in rudeness too soon We are unaware of anything in Mr West s career, either as an editor soldier, subordinate in the office of the New Orleans marshal carpet bagger, State officer senator chosen by a notoriously corrupt legislature or law maker at Washington which makes his opinion of any special worth

LAW OR BAYONETS!

[Leading Editorial of the N Y Times of Jan 7th]

We have described elsewhere this morning the character of the news which comes from New Orleans but there is one point in connection with the recent events upon which public attention is so greatly fixed that nothing can diminish its importance. We refer to the conduct of Gen. Sheridan There seems to be a fixed belief in this distinguished officer s mind that he is dealing with a community in a state of insurrection, and that martial law is the only kind of law which can properly be applied to it If there are any facts in possession of the Federal Government which justify this theory they ought to be made known to the people without delay if only in justice to the Government and its agents At present no such facts are before us The State of Louisiana has long been in a disturbed condition, and civil brawls are frequent but they are not at this moment of a character which places them beyond the reach of the civil law We have no doubt that the Democrats of New Orleans are a hot headed set and it is quite clear that party feeling runs very high and quite possible that a violent outbreak may occur at any moment But it is only a few months ago that the people ousted the Governor of the State and only submitted to his reinstatement upon the interference of Federal authority Now this state of things is not conducive of good order or good feeling and while Kellogg remains in office there is no probability of peace being restored.

But such a dispatch as that which General Sheridan sent to the Secretary of War on Tuesday is not warranted by any facts known to the public—could scarcely be warranted under any conceivable circumstances We have never published such a document before and we must say that nothing like it has ever been seen in a country under a constitutional government, It almost induces one to believe that the world has gone back two or three hundred years in the theory and practice of government Cromwell did, indeed serve Ireland pretty much as General Sheridan proposes to treat Louisiana ; but most of us were under the impression that that system of government had been definitively abandoned We are at a loss to make out what are Gen Sheridan s ideas of the Constitution under which he lives or of the functions of Congress or of the powers of the executive to say nothing of the powers which may rightfully be exercised by a Lieutenant General in the army He first of all suggests that Congress should pass a bill declaring a certain class of the people of Louisiana Arkansas and Mississippi ' banditti ' How many he would include in this class does not appear nor does he explain since what date in our history it has been usual for officers in the army to presume to dictate to Congress as to the legislation it should adopt But a moment afterward a still better idea strikes him and he says It is possible that if the President would issue a proclamation declaring them banditti no further action need be taken *except that which would devolve upon me* If this means anything it means that Gen Sheridan would forthwith proceed to hang or shoot as many persons as he chose to bring under his own description of banditti We have then, a plain proposal that the President shall declare an indefinite number of citizens banditti, and that Gen Sheridan should then deal with them without benefit of judge or jury This would certainly be resolving government into its primitive elements but there is a shorter cut still which Gen Sheridan might have recommended It is for the President to declare the Constitution and all its amendments annulled, shut up Congress put down all the newspapers and then proclaim himself Dictator with General Sheridan as his sole minister and chief executioner If Gen Sheridan had advised this course at once, he would scarcely have shown a greater ignorance or disregard of law than he has done in his most extraordinary and we must add disgraceful dispatch of Jan 5th

We are sorry to find the *Evening Post* identifying the Republican party with this reckless dispatch The Republican party consists of many thousands of persons who have not yet had even an opportunity of expressing any opinion on Gen Sheridan's bloodand iron message and who cannot in any way be held responsible for it It would be a strange thing to condemn a great party for the wild production of one fevered brain We believe that the Republican party would resent any violation of law either on the part of Gen Sheridan or of any intemperate or treasonable class at the South And even though the President himself and some members of Congress approved of Gen Sheridan s indecorous language it would not show that the Republican party was in fault but only that at the moment it was unfortunately represented The people will certainly not tolerate any revival of secession projects at the South and they would support the President in any efforts he might be called upon to make to preserve the peace of the country They have shown no evidence of any desire to go beyond that But Gen Sheridan proposes to place three States under a military dictatorship merely on the authority of a presidential proclamation We should be loth to think that the Republican party would support such a project as that and we think we may venture to say that it will do nothing of the kind

SAD CASE OF DESTITUTION —Officers Regan and Hogan of the Sixth precinct came in to the Tombs police court yesterday the former carrying a child two days old while Hogan supported the helpless mother of the babe The mother and child had been found lying in the street the woman in an insensible state [illegible] inebriation and the child [illegible] exposure and lack of proper nourishment The [illegible] gave her name as Mary Carey and said she had no home Justice Smith directed that the mother and child should be cared for by Mr [illegible] the Matron of the Tombs and when the two were strengthened they will be sent to the [illegible] —*New York Times Jan 7*

FAILURES IN PITTSBURGH —Pittsburgh Jan 8 —Rumors of failures [illegible] current on the streets general uneasiness is felt by all To day the Allegheny Trust Company suspended claiming liabilities of $195,000 assets $[illegible] doubtful The [illegible] holders are in [illegible] Other failures may occur to morrow as other banks in Allegheny City are reported shaky on the street Recent failures of large oil firms are the main causes of some banks instability

CARL SCHURZ ON LOUISIANA

WASHINGTON Jan 11th —Schurz called up his resolution instructing the judiciary committee to inquire what legislation is necessary to secure to the people of Louisiana their rights of self government, and report with the least possible delay He then addressed the Senate upon Louisiana affairs in the presence of crowded galleries

Schurz said he approached the subject in no party spirit About to retire to private life the success of no party would benefit him nor could the defeat of any party injure him He proceeded to review the scenes of last Monday in the Louisiana Legislature and asked

Where was the constitutional warrant—where the law—for such proceedings? He recited the various excuses made for military interference in this case but he declared that none of these touched the question The question was ' Where was the law for these acts?' It was his deliberate judgment conscientiously formed that the deed done on the 4th of January in Louisiana constitutes a gross and manifest violation of the Constitution and laws an act indicating a spirit in our government which either ignores the Constitution and laws or so interprets them that they cease to be a safeguard of independent legislation and the rights and liberties of the people, and this spirit shows itself more alarmingly still in the instrument the Executive has chosen to carry out his will No American citizen could have read without profound regret and apprehension the recent dispatch of General Sheridan to the Secretary of War suggesting that a numerous class of citizens should, by whole sale be outlawed as banditti, by the mere proclamation of the President, to be delivered over to a military commander for summary judgment by a military commission He spoke in the highest terms and admiration of Sheridan s military record but said he is another illustration of how great a man may be as a soldier and how conspicuously unable to understand what civil law and a Constitution mean The question was asked on every hand If such things could be done in Louisiana, how long before they would be done in other States or in the House of the nation s Representatives? He commented upon affairs in the South and criticised the legislation of Congress as having had a bad effect on Southern partisans who had come to look upon the President and Congress as their natural allies and sworn protectors bound to sustain them in power by whatever means Referring to the Warmoth Kellogg quarrel, he said Your Caseys and Packards carried off State Senators on a United States revenue cutter and shut up the Republican Governor in the custom house, guarded by United States soldiers, to keep out another Republican faction Nay more the same Packard as a United States Marshal, during the last election managed the Kellogg campaign and also the movements of United States troops to keep his political opponents from intimidating his political friends, while the department of justice of the United States appeared more like a central bureau for the regulation of State elections Speaking of the colored people he said he would hail the day as the most auspicious one for them when they threw off the scandalous leadership of these adventurers who, taking advantage of their ignorance made them tools for their rapacity He declared the people of the South are not murderers and banditti There were bad elements among them but the national government itself was giving these bad elements a strength they would never otherwise have possessed by its unconstitutional proceedings He argued that in the States of Virginia N Carolina and Georgia where self government is unobstructed they were advancing in prosperity while in Louisiana and other States in a similar political condition there was no prosperity The lawlessness of power was becoming far more dangerous than the lawlessness of the mob Referring to the lawlessness and alleged intimidation of voters in the South he condemned everything of the kind but he asserted that it was not all on one side and in this connection he referred to the discharge of government employes solely for political reasons and he argued that when the national government becomes the champion of intimidation it need not be surprised if partisans on all sides profit by the example He advised the people of Louisiana to exercise judgment and moderation and trust in the justice of their cause and eventually the spirit of peaceful victory will bury the usurpers under a crushing load of patriotic indignation He declared the people had lost confidence in the truthfulness of those who parade bloody stories of outrages because it was often too apparent that they were merely manufacturing partisan stage thunder to catch votes He declared his belief that the Conservatives fairly carried the election and were defrauded out of the result by the returning board and this act has been sustained by the United States soldiers He hoped his motion to instruct the judiciary committee would result in a bill for a new election in Louisiana With Sheridan as the chief ruler and Packard to conduct the campaign no measure would avail which did not boldly vindicate the constitutional privilege of the land and preserve State right of self government

AMENDE HONORABLE —Washington, D C Jan 7 —In the Senate Mr Gordon arose to a personal explanation and said that during the debate of yesterday in respect to some hard words addressed to him by the Senator from Vermont (Edmunds) he (Gordon) allowed himself to be betrayed into using the word ' irresponsibility ' in speaking of the actions of the Senator (Edmunds) By that word he had done injustice to the Senator from Vermont The responsibility of that Senator as a statesman as a jurist and a member of society was, in his (Gordon s) opinion of the very highest order and most honorable character Having done an injustice to him he wished now in the presence of the Senate to express to him his sincere regrets Forbidden as Senators were, to erase anything of a personal nature, he now made the only reparation left him

Mr Edmunds said he desired to express his obligation to the Senator from Georgia for the very handsome manner in which he had spoken He did not intend yesterday to address any harsh language towards the Senator, and if the Senator so understood him, he was very sorry for it

THE NEW YORK CALL —New York Jan 7 —The following address to the citizens of New York, calling on them to meet and protest against military interference in Louisiana has been issued

To the Citizens of New York To-day s Associated Press dispatches of events which took place in our sister city of New Orleans present the most marked attack upon the rights of American citizenship which has ever been made since the establishment of our government A legislative body of a sister State peaceably assembled has been broken into and dispersed by federal troops acting under orders from the President of the United States To give expression to the outraged feelings which every citizen of a free commonwealth must experience at a crime happily in this country so unparalleled against the underlying principles of our government we ask you to assemble, irrespective of party ties, at Cooper Institute on Monday evening Jan 11

William C Bryant William H Wickham William M Evarts William B Duncan August Belmont Manton Marble Whitelaw Reid Charles A Dana, Sydney Webster and others

MAGGIE DARLING —In St Paul, they tell the story of Maggie Flynn She loved and was loved by a worthy young man who hoped soon to make her his bride but slander's envenomed tongue poisoned her reputation, and caused her lover to cancel their engagement She suffering unjustly from the cruel blow lost her reason and would have been carried an incurable patient to the insane asylum had not the employers of her guardian [illegible] investigated the stories affecting her character [illegible] He was traveling but they ordered him home told him the sad news and sent him to claim Maggie before she should be carried to the mad house She was with the sheriff who was about to convey her to her destination when the young man came into her presence At sight of him the clouds that lower upon her intellect broke away in a [illegible]

A GRAVING DOCK IN BRITISH COLUMBIA —Ottawa Ontario Jan [illegible] —Hon Geo A Walkem Attorney General of British Columbia has returned from England He succeeded in obtaining a grant of [illegible],000 from the British Government to aid in the construction of a graving dock at Esquimalt

Last year the representatives of the [illegible] were treated so discourteously at the [illegible] White House reception on the 1st of January that but few were present on Friday and [illegible] the Washington *Star* says those few were treated to a repetition of this rude [illegible]

SUPREME COURT.

SALEM Tuesday, Jan 19th

Buford respondent vs New York Life Insurance Company, appellants cause argued and submitted

Court adjourned until Wednesday morning at 9 o clock

DIED:

On Wednesday Jan 20 at 8 [illegible] P M R J Ladd at the residence of Jos Knott.

The funeral will take place to morrow at 1 P M from the residence of Jos. Knott Front and Columbia streets.

On Wednesday morning Jan 20 Francis M youngest son of J J and F M Robinson aged 2 years 2 months and 18 days

Funeral will take place at 1 o clock this afternoon from the residence of his parents corner Eighth and Market streets

New York and Long Island papers please copy

NEW TO-DAY.

WOOL BLANKETS—FOR SALE AT 10 Third street [illegible] JOHN WILSON

GERMAN BOOKS STATIONERY LATE PApers at C von WINTZINGERODE'S Stark street, near Gas Office

NOTICE

MEMBERS OF SAMARITAN LODGE No 2 I O O F will meet at Odd Fellows Hall Friday Jan 22 at 12 M to attend the funeral of our late Brother R J Ladd

By order of the N G

TO THE PUBLIC

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD STATE THAT their orders for Wood given to Mr R R Riley foot of Morrison street, during the recent cold spell have been filled promptly and *in no advance in price* and the measure has been satisfactory

COOK & ANDRUS Occidental Hotel
DAN HOLTON Cosmopolitan Hotel
RIDER & HERSEY Aurora Restaurant.

ja 1d5t

TREASURER S OFFICE
SALEM January 21 1875

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds now on hand in the Treasury applicable to the payment of warrants drawn on the Treasurer since the 14th day of September A D 1874 to wit Nos. 96 [illegible] 264 265 266 246 247 248 [illegible] 253 [illegible] 257 258 259 260 261 262 [illegible] 280 [illegible] 286 287 288 289 [illegible] 290 291 [illegible] 303 [illegible] 308 309 310 311 312 [illegible] 314 315 316 317 [illegible] 323 [illegible] 327 [illegible] 331 336 [illegible] 338 [illegible] 343 [illegible] 346 348 351 [illegible] 353 354 3[illegible] 361 340 366

Interest will not be allowed after this date
A H BROWN State Treasurer

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN!

MR D. A JOHNSON, OF SALEM OREgon a barber by trade in October last, without any cause left his wife the undersigned with whom he had lived happily for sixteen years and now in the courts of law seeks to obtain a divorce In justice to myself I am compelled to appear in this manner and give the true cause of Mr Johnson s conduct well knowing that the wife against whom her husband proceeds for separation ever bears the public reproach In August 1874 at a picnic in Portland Mr Johnson for the first time met and became enamored of a young girl about eighteen years of age Although her friends have told many false stories about me and my family her name I will not give as I wish to injure no one The young miss encouraged Mr Johnson in his advances All went well when she learned that her devoted admirer had a wife and family in Salem But the slight circumstance of a wife and family must not hinder the affair must go on Being in Salem the young miss is invited to a sumptuous dinner given by Mr Johnson at his own house his wife ignorant of the real object of the visit preparing the repast And the result of this thing as arranged by these parties is that Johnson when divorced shall marry his young friend Then we shall see the happy [illegible] of [illegible] after—Johnson being about 48 years of age—with gay young spring

MRS D A JOHNSON

L. H WAKEFIELD | JOHN BARROWS

WAKEFIELD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH,

And all kinds of

COAL.

ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF Produce and personal attention given to the purchase and shipment of Merchandise and the sale of Oregon Produce.
San Francisco Oct 1 1874

STRAW PAPER 10,000 REAMS FOR SALE. In any quantity and at lowest rates AT THE AGENCY OF CLACKAMAS MILLS, [illegible] Front Street

WINDOW GLASS.

1,000 BOXES ASSORTED SIZES, from 7x9 to 16x[illegible]

At the Lowest Market Rates.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

TO DRUGGISTS!

FOR SALE!—THE ELEGANT RETAIL

DRUG STORE,

Situated on the corner of First and Ash streets adjoining Ankeny Market This Store includes one of

TUFT'S ARCTIC SODA FOUNTAINS,

And Apparatus and a

PRESCRIPTION FILE,

The Highest Number'd of any in this city

☞ The Fixtures of the Store are of the most Elegant Design and are unsurpassed by any in the city

For Terms and further information apply to
HODGE CALEF & CO
75 Front street

ja15ed [illegible]

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, MATS, SHADES, VALENCES, CURTAINS,

A well selected and large stock Also Mouldings for Cornices and Pictures at the lowest prices by the

OREGON FURNITURE MANUFACTURING COMP'Y, PORTLAND.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

BLANK BOOKS

AND

COUNTING-HOUSE STATIONERY

AT THE

LOWEST SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

BLANK BOOKS

MANUFACTURED TO ORDER BY

CHAS. HIRSTEL & CO.,

Booksellers and Counting House Stationers

77 FRONT STREET, Portland

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK holders of the [illegible] Real Estate Association will be held at the office of [illegible] Dolph & Simon in the City of Portland on Tuesday February [illegible] at [illegible] for the election of directors [illegible] and such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

[illegible]

Portland Jan [illegible]

ja [illegible]

NOTICE

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN I WILL be at the Occidental Hotel Portland on the 11th inst prepared to [illegible] take the Washington county [illegible] for 1874

CHAS T TOZIER
Sheriff W[illegible] county

ja20 1w

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND MASQUERADE BALL.

The Arcadian Base-Ball Club

WILL GIVE A

MASQUERADE BALL

AT THE

CITY RIFLES' HALL,

ON

TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 26.

TICKETS $1 00

ja19 3t

THIRD GRAND

MASQUERADE BALL

OF THE

Portland Turn Verein's,

AT THE

SKATING RINK,

ON

MONDAY EVENING, FEB. 8th.

PROGRAMME, LATER.

THE

German Aid Society

OF THIS CITY

WILL GIVE A

Grand Bazar & Concert

ON

MARCH 15, 16, 17 and 18, 1875.

The Proceeds will be applied to the Erection of a German Hospital.

NOTICE.

P. MOORE, DANCING ACADEMY.

Corner First and Madison Streets

WILL BE OPEN EVERY TUESDAY AT Nonpareil Hall Saturday s Soiree Private lessons saturday afternoon commencing at 2 P M

ja1 1m P MOORE Teacher.

OYSTERS.

ALISKY & HEGELE'S

PREMIUM CANDY FACTORY,

No 107 FIRST STREET.

N B —The only place where the justly celebrated

Pan-Roasts and Oyster Patties

ARE SERVED

OYSTERS!

M. KEITH,

Importer and Dealer in

New York Transplanted and Shoalwater Bay Oysters.

00 First Street, Portland.

Gem Oyster Saloon!

THE PROPRIETOR ANTICIPATING a freeze up ordered a large supply of EASTERN OYSTERS by the last steamer and also SHOALWATER BAY'S by last steamer from Astoria

If the blockade continues the "GEM will have the Oyster Business Cornered "

N B —Our Oysters are all in a cellar away from the frost, and will keep for months

GO TO

JOE WATSON'S

(65 Front street)

TO-NIGHT

For an A No. 1 Oyster Stew.

WINDOW GLASS.

350 BOXES,

AT COST OF IMPORTATION

FROM ENGLAND,

Sizes from 8x10 to 28x40,

IN LOTS TO SUIT

FOR SALE BY

GEO. L. STORY,

PORTLAND

Orders can be left with J H CRAWFORD at KILBOURN S AUCTION HOUSE

RUMMELIN & GUTMANN,

56 First street, between Stark and Oak,

Manufacturers Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURS,

Offer the [illegible] of [illegible]

Ladies', Misses' and Gentlemen's Furs,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES

☞ Dealers Supplied at Reduced Rates ☜

Orders [illegible] promptly attended to

FROM HONOLULU.

THE CARGO OF THE JANE A FALKINBURG consisting of Assorted Grades of

SUGARS, COFFEE, PULU AND RICE,

[illegible]

ALLEN & LEWIS

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO S Steamer

AJAX,

FRED BOLLES Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company s Wharf at Foot of F street for the above port

TUESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1875,

At 4 o clock P M

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets
GEO W WEIDLER Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, SAN JUAN, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGEL and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company s Wharf at foot of F street for the above ports,

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1875,

At 4 o clock P M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets
GEO W WEIDLER. Agent.

From Coos Bay & San Francisco

REGULAR STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE FAVORITE STEAMERS

EASTPORT,

J F WHITNEY Master

EMPIRE,

C H BULLER Master

Make regular trips Stages from Roseburg connecting with Steamers at Coos Bay

F SCHETTER Agent, Coos Bay D BEADLE Agent San Francisco 106 Davis street near California.

oc5d6m

RIVER STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE STEAMER WELCOME will leave the dock foot of Ash street, (O S N Co s wharf) at 6 o clock A M. every morning (Sunday excepted) for Oregon City connecting with the Steamer ALICE on Monday and Thursday for Corvallis and intermediate points, and on other days with the FANNIE PATTON and J N COOKE of which due notice will be given by Posters.

FARE, ONE DOLLAR.

For Butteville Champoeg Dayton and Lafayette connecting with Steamer DAYTON on Monday Wednesday and Friday

Fare, 75 Cents.

All up freight to Corvallis or Lafayette and intermediate points for One Dollar per Ton.

Freight received on the Dock of the O S N Co or O S P Co for any of the above points.

Through Freights to Astoria forwarded without delay at the lowest rates

All Freight delivered free of drayage
J D BILES Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily (except Sunday) at 5 o clock A M

FOR ASTORIA—Daily (except Sunday,) at 6 A.M.

FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A M

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A M

S G REED Vice President

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers

Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets as follows

Steamer "GOV. GROVER" for Corvallis, on Monday and Thursday at 6 A M

Steamer "WILLAMETTE CHIEF" for Albany, on Tuesday and Friday at 6 A M

Steamer "SHOSHONE" for Points on the Yamhill River, on Monday Wednesday and Friday at 6 A M

Steamer "BEAVER" for Astoria, Tuesday Thursday and Saturday at 6 A M

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES

FRANK T DODGE Agent.

OHIO!

INDEPENDENT LINE!

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER,

OHIO,

Leaves the Wharf foot of Alder street Portland for Salem Albany and all intermediate points, on Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week Leaves Albany on return Mondays and Thursdays until further notice No delays on account of low water Rates of freight reasonable For any further information apply on board or to Frank Dodge, Agent, on the wharf

n21tf U B SCOTT Master

Astoria to Oysterville.

The Steamer FAVORITE, carrying the U S Mails leaves ASTORIA and UNITY on Mondays Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays connecting with the O S N Co s boats.

On intermediate days the Boat can be chartered for any business that offers

Through freight to Oysterville will be receipted for on the O S N Co s wharf at Portland and through passage can be secured by applying to Pursers of the Company s steamers

J C FOX
Agent Astoria

d17d3tawtf

Portland & Vancouver Packet,

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS W TROUPE Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM WASHINGTON Street Wharf for Vancouver, at 2 30 P M Returning leave Vancouver at 8 A M

For freight or passage apply on board

GROCERIES.

HACHENEY & STEMME,

GROCERS,

Cor. First and Taylor Sts.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF

FRESH GOODS.

PROMPT ATTENTION FREE DELIVERY

WANTED!

WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST PRICE for good [illegible]

Wheat, Barley, Oats, Potatoes,

&c &c &c

EVERDING & FARRELL.

[illegible] AM SCOTT

GEO. MORROW & CO.

GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

CALIFORNIA AND OREGON PRODUCE.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED

[illegible] and 28 Commercial St San Francisco

[illegible] by permission to [illegible] KINNEY [illegible] Oregon

AUCTION AND COM[illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON, AUCTIONEER

COR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales

OF REAL ESTATE GROCERIES GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES

Sale Days—Wednesday and [illegible]

At Private Sale.

Large assortment of GROCERIES and [illegible]

Liberal advances made on C[illegible]

To parties declining H[illegible] that I will purchase Second Hand Fur[illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON

Regular and P[illegible]

OF

Furniture, Groceries, General Merchandise, [illegible]

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1875,

At 10 o clock A. M.,

1 Large French Plate MIRROR, 8 feet,
1 [illegible] 6 feet,
2 Small [illegible]

ALSO,

BEDROOM DINING ROOM AND KI[illegible] FURNITURE.

ALSO

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING

ALSO,

311 bxs SOAP,
35 chests Japan TEA
10000 CIGARS " La Matilda,"
50 bxs Carbolic SOAP
75 bxs Pacific SOAP
25 Challenge SOAP

ALSO,

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

A. B. [illegible]

INSURANCE.

Fireman's Fund [illegible]

OF CALI[illegible]

FIRE AND [illegible]

Assets Exceed - [illegible]

OREGON [illegible]
96 Front Street, [illegible]
EDWA[illegible]

THE [illegible]

Investment & In[illegible]

COMPANY.

OF SAN FRANCISCO

FIRE AND [illegible]

Incorporated in 18[illegible]

Cash Assets, - - [illegible]

OFFICERS:

PETER DONAHUE, President A J BRYANT Vice P[illegible]
CHARLES H CUSHING, [illegible]

This Company has no connection with any insurance combination, its business is to take the Lowest Paying Rates [illegible] each risk according to its own merits.

The undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are now prepared to accept applications and issue Policies [illegible] and Marine risks at equitable [illegible]

A. F. [illegible]
Office—23 Fr[illegible]

General Agents for Or[illegible] and [illegible]

N B —Agents wanted through[illegible] Territory

U[illegible]

Tr[illegible]

FIRE AND [illegible]

Capital, paid up in G[illegible]

Assets, exceed - [illegible]

BRANCH OFFICE F[illegible]
First National Bank B[illegible]
EDWIN D. [illegible]

my1dtf

BOOTS AND [illegible]

MADE TO O[illegible]

IF YOU WANT A GO[illegible] BOOTS made to or[illegible]

Repairing promptly [illegible]

VAL[illegible]

WE HAVE JUST RE[illegible] best American Manu[illegible] ment of

$3,000 WOR[illegible]

COMIC AND SE[illegible]

VALENT[illegible]

They are put up in lots of [illegible] or Singly at 5 cents to $[illegible]

A Liberal Disc[illegible]

Orders filled by mail to any [illegible]

J. K. GILL & C[illegible]
Booksellers and [illegible]

ja11d&w2w

OSCAR KILBOURN[illegible]

AUCTION AND COMMISSION [illegible]

Corner First and [illegible]

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL [illegible] Merchandise, Furniture, &c [illegible]

Regular Sale Days, T[illegible]

☞ A general assortment of Mer[illegible] sale

OSCAR KILBOURN, [illegible]

DENTAL N[illegible]

DR. W. KOEH[illegible]

TAKES THIS OPPORTUNITY TO [illegible] Patrons and the Public [illegible] REMOVED his Office to the new and Building of D MONNASTES

BET MORRISON & YAMHILL [illegible]

Two Doors Below the Old C[illegible]

Rooms Nos. 1, 2 and 3.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSO[illegible]

PUBLIC READING ROOM.

LOCAL AND EASTERN PAPERS AND [illegible] furnished—a warm comfortable room [illegible] citizen and stranger—especially young [illegible] always welcome

Noon meetings daily except Sunday, [illegible] [illegible] M

Room No [illegible] over Ladd & Tilton s Bank, [illegible] Stark and First street

W C CHATTIN
General Secretary

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY [illegible] [illegible] articles of partnership [illegible] among [illegible] as follows

1st Under the firm name of Kwong Chong & Co.

2d For the purpose of carrying on the business of manufacturing shoes and slippers at their place of business [illegible] First street between Taylor [illegible] and Morrison in Portland

3d No one of the undersigned are authorized to contract any debts or liabilities or to enter into any contracts whatever in the name of the firm

4th The [illegible] partnership to continue at will.

[illegible] Articles of partnership filed in County Clerk s [illegible]

TOO FARN
AH KWONG

jal [illegible]

DOG LOST.

SMALL BLACK AND TAN TERRIER. REWARD Apply to MILLER & ACKER Livery stables Second and Stark.

ja9tf

The Daily Oregonian

THURSDAY [illegible] MORNING JANUARY [illegible]

CITY.

THE ICE BLOCKADE.

[illegible]

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER
COR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales
REAL ESTATE GROCERIES GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES
Days---Wednesday and Saturday
At Private Sale.
[illegible] of GROCERIES and LIQUORS. Liberal advances made on Consignments. [illegible] declining Housekeeping I will [illegible] I will purchase Second Hand Furniture
A. B. RICHARDSON Auct.

[illegible] and [illegible] Sale of Furniture, Groceries, General Merchandise, Etc.,
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1875,
At 10 o clock A. M
Large French Plate MIRROR 9 feet
Small 6 feet.
ALSO
DINING ROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.
ALSO
DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING
ALSO
bxs SOAP
chests Japan TEA
CIGARS "La Matilda"
bxs Carbolic SOAP
bxs [illegible] SOAP
Challenge SOAP
ALSO
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

INSURANCE.

Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.
OF CALIFORNIA.
FIRE AND MARINE.
Assets Exceed - $627,003 00
BRANCH
[illegible]
EDWARD HALL, Manager.

STATE
Investment & Insurance
COMPANY.
OF SAN FRANCISCO
FIRE AND MARINE.
Incorporated in 1871.
Assets, - - $375,000.
OFFICERS
DONAHUE, A. J. BRYANT Vice Pr.
[illegible]
A. P. [illegible] & CO.,
Front Street, Portland,
for Oregon and Washington Territory
—Agents wanted throughout the State and Territory

Insurance Company.
FIRE AND MARINE.
Capital paid up in Gold Coin $750,000
Assets, exceed - $1,000,000
OFFICE FOR OREGON,
Bank Building, Portland
EDWIN D. BACKINSTOS,
General Agent.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
MADE TO ORDER.
IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF FINE BOOTS made to order go to
J. BRADY,
No 5 Washington Street.
promptly attended to.

VALENTINES!
HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM THE [illegible] Manufacturers a consignment
WORTH OF
AND SENTIMENTAL
VALENTINES!
put up in lots of $5 $10, $20, $25 and $50,
to the Trade.
by mail to any point, by
J. K. GILL & CO.,
Booksellers and Stationers,
Portland Oregon

OSCAR KILBOURN,
AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
First and Pine Streets,
PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE,
Merchandise, Furniture Etc.
Sale Days, Tuesdays and Fridays
assortment of Merchandise at private
OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

DENTAL NOTICE.
DR. W. KOEHLER
THIS OPPORTUNITY TO INFORM HIS [illegible] and the Public generally that he has [illegible] his Office to the new and commodious of D MONNASTES
MORRISON & YAMHILL STS,
Two Doors Below the Old Office
Nos. 1, 2 and 3. ja9 1m

MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION
PUBLIC READING ROOM.
AND EASTERN PAPERS AND MAGAZINES a warm comfortable room where the stranger—especially young men—are welcome
daily except Sundays from 12 15
over Ladd & Tilton's Bank corner of First streets
W C CHATTIN
General Secretary

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP
UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY ENTERED into articles of partnership conditioned [illegible] things as follows
[illegible] the firm name of Kwong Chong & Co for the purpose of carrying on the business of [manufa]cturing shoes and slippers at their place [illegible] First street between Yamhill [illegible] Portland
[illegible] the undersigned are not to enter into any debts or liabilities [illegible] whatever in the name of [illegible] partnership to continue at will [illegible] of partnership filed in County Clerk's
1875
TOO KAI N
AH KWONG

DOG LOST
BLACK AND TAN TERRIER RE-
Apply to
MILLER & ACKEL
Livery Stables Second and Stark.

Daily Oregonian.
[illegible] JANUARY 21 1875

CITY.

THE ICE BLOCKADE.

Full of Floating Ice—Shipping News.

Or Jan 20 —F Stilson left As[toria] [illegible] Express letters last Saturday at 11 [illegible] He came overland and reached Cor[nelius] [illegible] noon He reports the steamer [illegible] ice-bound She arrived [illegible] Her passengers are still there [illegible] full of floating ice There are [illegible] on the shoals between Astoria [illegible] The channels are clear be[low] [illegible] No reports from above The [illegible] went up the river prospecting [illegible] had not returned up to Satur[day] A. M

Lying at Astoria

Dune Thompson is lying in [illegible] The harbor above Flavel's [illegible] of ice The Middlesex is ready [illegible] has not sailed yet The C lima and another large vessel (2 000 tons) waiting for cargo Two barks waiting to sail The City Champ[ion] sailed last week

[illegible] at Astoria on Saturday was [illegible] day was one of the coldest known there with high wind. The [illegible] mountains is from one foot to [illegible] a half deep

[illegible] says that the other large ship's Dune —— (something, he forgot the

—Notwithstanding the rotten condition of the ice, we observed a [illegible] persons yesterday who were fool[hardy enou]gh to cross the river During the [illegible] a woman crossed over on the ice in [illegible] above the railroad ferry landing [illegible] in her arms a small child Almost [illegible] the ice could be seen to shake and crack, and in many places the water [illegible] on it to a depth of several inches [illegible] ice given away, which it was likely [illegible] any moment, to save the life of the [illegible] and her child would have been [illegible] A party of men were also seen to [illegible] the same point They moved in [illegible] and had a rope which was stretched [illegible] hand to hand Shortly after the [illegible] southern train a venturesome [illegible] came down on the cars started just below Stark street ferry In [illegible] held a valise and in the other a [illegible], which latter he employed in [illegible] the strength of the ice before [illegible] reached about half way across [illegible] on this side who were [illegible] breathless interest the [illegible] to go back and not at[tempt] farther But the man heeded [illegible] Every instant the ice [illegible] and let the rash im[illegible] down into a watery grave [illegible] of all the spectators, the [illegible] boat-house in safety We [illegible] long as a piece of ice remains [illegible] will be foolish enough to risk [illegible] attempting to pass over For [illegible] modation of all who are [illegible] funeral honors we will keep [illegible] sharpened. Our hand has not [illegible] in the agreeable matter [illegible], and we shall hold our [illegible] readiness to perform the

The following is the list [illegible] the coming term of the [illegible] names of whom were [illegible] the County Clerk H L [illegible] Portland, occupation real [illegible] Keith, Portland, saloon [illegible] Portland, manufac[turer] [illegible] speculator, James [illegible] farmer Thomas Rob [illegible] E Paddock, [illegible] Portland merchant, [illegible] Portland, plumber, John [illegible] farmer, Joseph Teal, [illegible] T M Richardson, Port[land] [illegible] W Gay, F Portland, [illegible] Portland, merchant [illegible] Portland, bootmaker A B [illegible] auctioneer D J Dun[illegible] Zimmerman, coun[ty] [illegible] Portland, specula[tor] [illegible] Portland merchant [illegible] Portland, merchant, James [illegible] farmer George A Pease [illegible] Andrew Pullen, county [illegible] Gilham, county, farmer, Geo [illegible] capitalist H C Breden [illegible] Wm Groomes Portland me[illegible] Mallett Portland, hotel-keeper

[Pre]caution —Captain Miller of the [illegible] in anticipation of a general [illegible] of the ice, is taking all necessary [illegible] against his vessel being damaged [illegible] froze over the Hera was lying [at] the O S N Co's wharf, and conse[quently] locked in Yesterday morning [illegible] the ice to be sawed [ar]ound the bow of the schooner, [along] the side which is exposed [illegible] lumber was then securely spiked both above and below the water [This] precaution is very timely and will prevent much damage being done by the floating ice We would sug[gest] [illegible] owners of the various boats which [illegible] along the city front that sim[ilar] [illegible] should be observed The river [illegible], and with the aid of a high tem[perature] will soon unlock the icy fetters which [illegible] it for the past four or five days [illegible] the general break up there will be [illegible] ice, which will certainly do much [illegible] the shipping unless some efforts are [illegible] to protect it

[Death] of R. J Ladd —Last evening at 8.30 o clock, R. J Ladd, son-in law of [illegible] Knott, and an old resident of Port[land] [illegible] whom few are more widely known, [illegible] this city after a brief illness Mr [illegible] been stopping in British Columbia [illegible] of the past summer and fall. His [illegible] poor for several months, and, fail[ing] [illegible] a few weeks ago he was re[illegible] city. The best medical skill of [illegible] employed to attend the patient, [illegible] against the insidious encroach[ment] [illegible] the disease consumption— [illegible] Deceased was aged 45 [illegible] a wife and four children [illegible] Samaritan Lodge, I O O [F] [illegible] buried with the rites and cere[monies] [illegible] Order. Funeral will take place [illegible] 1 o'clock, from the residence of

[illegible] Estimated —Just the extent of [illegible] which has been done to the pipes and water fixtures in and about the [illegible] the freeze would be very difficult [illegible] estimate But we feel justified in [illegible] damages in that direction quite [illegible] t number of pipes have already [illegible], and before everything thaws [illegible] many more will need the services [of a plu]mber A gentleman who is in a po[sition to] know whereof he speaks, estimates [illegible] which have already been and [illegible] sustained, at $20 000 This is a [illegible] of money but we should not be [illegible] the sum total paid out to plumb[ers] [illegible] all the pipes, etc have been re[paired] will not fall much short of that

[illegible] TO ARRIVE —Mr Dudley Evans [illegible] Co s agent received a private dis[patch] [illegible] day from Mr A Vandusen who [illegible] The telegram stated that [illegible] letters had been conveyed from [illegible] the Ajax is now lying over the [illegible] road to Cornelius, and that they [illegible] in the city on the train this [illegible] This will be pleasant intelligence

[illegible] —A valuable and highly prized [illegible], owned by Mr S M Lyon died [illegible] from the effects of being badly [illegible] During Monday night the animal [illegible] the stable, and thus obtaining access [illegible] which was kept near the stall [illegible] quantity of the grain from the ef[fects] of which it died the following day On [illegible] the carcass was hauled beyond the

[illegible] —C Cunningham was arrested yes[terday] [illegible] about 10 o clock, charged with [illegible] of a pair of blankets from a mer[chant on] [illegible] street. The blankets were re[covered] [illegible] the thief sent to jail Police [illegible] session at the time Cunning[ham] [illegible] argued on the charge of larceny [illegible] guilty and sentenced to the county [illegible] days

RUMORED —A rumor was current yesterday on the street to the effect that a heavy gale occurred at Astoria a few days ago which handled the vessels lying there quite roughly It is stated that the steamer Ajax broke loose from her moorings and was carried against the wharf with great violence tearing away a portion of the dock and damaging the vessel considerably We spent some time in hunting down these reports but did not succeed in tracing them to any very authentic source As no mention is made of a storm in the dispatches received from Cornelius, we are strongly inclined to believe that there exists no foundation for the rumors

WEATHER REPORT —From the records of the U S Signal Station of Observation, Portland Oregon January 20 1875

	7 A M	2 P M	9 P M
Thermometer	35°	13	42°
Wind direction	S W	S W	Calm
Wind velocity	8	1	0
Weather	Cloudy	Fair	Cloudy
Minimum temperature			30°

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Slush—slush—slush

Clean your sidewalks

Hotel arrivals very light

Very few strangers in town

The Dalles mail due to night

The bath houses are in running order

There is considerable current now in the river

Be advised and do not attempt to cross the river on the ice

Many necessaries for table have been frozen up and the prices will likely rise

Mr James Liddy the popular hackman is out again after four months sickness

The snow is in good order for the boys and they are snow balling indiscriminately

Heavily loaded wagons and teams have been crossing the Columbia at Vancouver

Meeting this evening—Mystic Lodge No 2, [illegible]

Considerable freight was carried each way by the small boat of the Stark street line yesterday

Mr T H Lamb the new telegraphic superintendent is now up the valley looking after the lines

Look out when the break up happens—particularly those who own valuable property on and along the river

No intelligence has been received of the ocean steamer which is doubtless lying at Astoria or some point above

There being no connection at Roseburg nothing but mails north of that point came by the southern train last evening

If nothing happens the mail express and passengers will cross this morning in time to connect with the southern train

The Olympia and Kalama mail arrived last evening in charge of Thos Elrington of St Helens. He is off again at 7 this morning

The heavy northern gales of the past week have caused the vane pole over the O S N Co's wharf to incline sharply to the south

The W U T Co's lines were down yesterday beyond Marysville (doubtless occasioned by the flood there), and also beyond Tenino

Captain Vickers and Purser Barclay of the sunken Albany were in town yesterday They had been frozen up at the scene of the disaster

Strange to relate we have not been called upon to chronicle a single case of drowning since the freeze However, several persons have had close calls

A broken turn table at the southern end of the street railway track occasioned a temporary delay of the regular trips of the cars on Tuesday It was soon repaired

There are many persons in this city who would not like to be called hewers of wood and drawers of water that were not too proud to be seen shoveling snow yesterday

Now that the weather has moderated, comes the earnest desire that the snow may not disappear too rapidly Should the snow go off with a warm rain, the terrible flood of 1860-1 might be repeated.

After considerable labor a narrow channel was opened through the ice across the river opposite Stark street yesterday morning, and the small boat was able to cross at regular intervals, much to the accommodation of the traveling public

FOR THE LADIES.

Chenille trimming is to be used again

It is said feathers are to be worn on cravats.

Velvet should only mix with silk or all wool goods.

Flowers, feathers and precious stones are worn in the hair for full dress

There is a time for all things The time to leave is when a young lady asks you how the walking is

Man goes out out into the wide wide world to battle and to die Woman stays at home to make him glad of it

A jaw eight feet long has just been unearthed in Wisconsin It is supposed to have belonged to a lady of the innocent age

The long forsaken Marabout feather will be again used by the leaders of fashion—they are very stylish and odd looking

Seal skin hats turned up at both sides with a border of otter or beaver are much worn by the ladies Those who have a coat to match are fortunate

The catagon loop is said to have had its day and has been moderated while becoming general Braids are rounded and crossed in the neck and the front hair worn high

For bonnets and hats flowers have found a formidable rival in the winged tribe of birds and they are not like those of former times composed of only a head and a tail but the real stuffed bird which has lived and been preserved

EAST OF THE MOUNTAINS.

The following dispatches which were kindly furnished by the O S N Co will indicate the state of the weather east of the mountains at the places named The dispatches were received at 5 o clock last evening

Dalles—Cloudy, thermometer 12° above zero no wind

Walla Walla—Cloudy thermometer 32°

Wallula—Little cloudy thermometer 15° light up stream breeze

Umatilla—Up-stream wind thermometer 20°

Cascades—Cloudy thermometer 25°

AMUSEMENTS.

The greatest hit of the season was made last evening at the Museum The house was well filled Many ladies were present notwithstanding the sloppy state of the sidewalks Mr Mowery is an actor of great promise he made some happy hits last evening he cannot fail to become popular here at once Sam Dennis, Blake Miss Emma and Nettie Heath all did well This evening the same bill will be repeated with change of interlude Sam Dennis is to have a benefit on Saturday evening

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Car line Couch to Caroline F Wilson double block 7 Couch's Addition $1 and other valuable considerations

E J Jeffery sheriff to F C Hughes a piece of land containing 2½ acres situated in section — 1 1 N R 1 E $1

HOTEL ARRIVALS

COSMOPOLITAN —J V Smith L G Tilton J Wortman Oregon City J H Smith Harrisburg, Geo A Ladd St Helens J H Gist Rock Island H Wilson I Swenson Albany

The peculiar finish of the Elmwood collar makes it thoroughly perspiration proof With the mercury below zero this is worth considering

The winter is fairly upon us We must keep warm no matter what it cost Don't go about like a frozen man but straighten up and boldly enter the establishment of BECK & WARDMAN and ask them to show you the elegant winter goods They'll do it and what's more will sell them to you with big prices be used [illegible] On the contrary they propose to make their patrons happy by clothing them well and at the same time charging a low price to suit the present times Don't wait until it is too late but go now

If you would keep warm buy yourself a big Over coat Gloves and last but not least good Under clothing all of which KOHN opposite the National Bank keeps in large quantities You can be suited without a doubt In addition to the above he has a fine assortment of Dress Suits Furnishing Goods The prices are down—like the thermometer just now Don't wait until the winter is over and then buy [illegible] misery out buy now while [illegible] are down

COMMON COUNCIL

[REGULAR MEETING, JAN 20, 1875]

The Common Council met pursuant to ordinance

Present—W S Caldwell, clerk J H Lappens, Chief of Police, Councilmen Besser, Catlin, Corbett, Hoyt Lyon, Story and Thompson

Absent—Councilmen Moreland and Russell

The clerk called the council to order and the Mayor being absent, Councilman Lyon was chosen President *pro tem*

Minutes of the last meeting read and approved

PETITIONS

A petition was read from Tiger Engine Co No 5 and others asking the council to authorize the purchase of a new alarm bell for that company, as the present bell was unsuitable and did not answer the purpose The petition was referred to the committee on fire and water

REPORTS

The committee on ways and means presented the following report, which was adopted

Your committee on ways and means with the assistance of the assessor have had under consideration the assessment roll filed December 1st 1874, and all applications for revision and correction of errors filed prior to January 1st 1875 as provided by ordinance No 1,113 and recommend the following reductions For indebtedness not previously returned to assessor Mrs J L Atwood $1 500 John I Ladd $1 000 E Dovaney $750 P Schulderman $1 500 B B Starr $1 500 P J Mann $3 150 John Nation $1 500 George Gardener $660 Also the following for indebtedness in addition to amounts allowed by assessor G Murhard $600 C S Silver $400 C W Burrage $600 O H Hoyt $1 000 F D Shattuck $5,300 To correct errors in returns and valuation of personal property Mrs J C Kingsley $1 300 M J Bird $2 500 J Quivey executor $1 350 W Weatherford $500 Oregon Steamship Co $17 000

Upon an examination of the matters set forth in the petition of the Oregon and California Railroad Co to be relieved from taxation on certain property therein named of the assessed value of $257,000 we find that substantially the same property has been heretofore assessed by the city, that suits have been brought by said company to restrain the collection of taxes for 1873 and 1874 on said assessments that very considerable sums of money are involved in said suits and that the questions of law to be determined thereby are of great importance as governing future assessments we are therefore of the opinion that the prayer of the petition of said company filed Dec. 30, 1874, should be refused and so recommend.

The petition of F Bickel and C M Patterson for reduction of valuations filed since Jan 1, 1875 (the time fixed by law prior to which an application must be filed) we recommend be rejected

We further recommend that the assessment roll be corrected as above set forth

GEO L STORY
J H LYON
E CORBETT
Committee

A report was read from the committee on streets and public property to whom was referred the petition of S M Lyon and others in relation to discarding the oil lamps in certain portions of the city and the substitution of gas lamps The committee recommended that the prayer of petitioners be granted and reported an ordinance in relation to the matter

The committee on health and police to whom was referred the bill of J H Lappens for board of prisoners, reported and asked that the claim be referred to the committee on judiciary It was so referred

The auditor reported that as directed by ordinance No 1090 he had purchased on behalf of the city, property adjacent to B street, at a sale made by the chief of police for delinquent street assessments, on the 14th inst, amounting to $927 50

[Councilman Moreland appeared and took his seat]

CLAIMS

The following claims against the city were audited and warrants ordered drawn in liquidation of the same P G Baker, $80 25; Wells, Fargo & Co, $11 John Donnerberg, $4 Geo Maxwell, $14 Geo Tuttle, $2

ORDINANCES

From the committee on streets and public property An ordinance authorizing a change in the mode of lighting certain street lamps. Read first, second and third time and passed

From the committee on ways and means An ordinance making an appropriation out of the general fund for the payment of salaries and to meet the current expenses of the year was read first and second time and laid over

An ordinance as follows making an appropriation out of the fire department fund, was read third time and passed

The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the fire department fund For quarterly allowances to the several fire companies as provided by ordinance No 1 146 the sum of $5 960 for supply of water to July 1st 1875 under contract heretofore entered into with the Portland Water Co $1 800 for rent of house for the use of Hook and Ladder Co No 1 $150 for salary of the chief engineer of the fire department $800 for salary for fire warden $400 for salary of the secretary of the fire department, $900

An ordinance authorizing a temporary loan of $2 500 was read third time and passed

An ordinance making a transfer from the Willamette river fund to the fund for interest on bonds, was read third time and passed

Leave of absence of one month was granted Councilman Russell, after considerable debate

RESOLUTIONS

Councilman Besser offered the following resolution, which was adopted

Resolved That the committee on fire and water and the Chief Engineer be requested to report at the next meeting of the Council the probable cost of a hose carriage for engine company No 4 of the capacity of 800 feet of hose of the same weight as that now in use

On motion adjourned

A BAL MASQUE INCIDENT —Among the costumes was one very remarkable and unpleasant one It was that of a baker with white round cap loose white jacket and long apron At a certain point in the evening the wearer unbuttoned his jacket and threw it back when beneath appeared a close fitting woven shirt on which was painted with considerable anatomical accuracy the ribs and viscera of a flayed body—all the veins muscles arteries &c being very minutely portrayed At the point where the stomach should have been there appeared a round little canteen marked Cognac with a glass slung on each side of it A very indelicate but original garb was worn by an inventive individual whose ingenuity procured for him a night's lodging in the station-house His costume consisted of a square box which extended from his throat nearly to his knee —his legs and arms being clothed in the [illegible] At the back of this box was a door with this inscription [illegible] Of course everybody who saw it hastened to open the door and as within it there was nothing at all so far as [illegible] were concerned the effect can better be imagined than described Of course his career was a brief one for as soon as the peculiarity of his attire was made known he was at once arrested and carried off to the station house —*[illegible]*

[illegible] DEATH —The following affecting story is related as a [illegible] resident of the town of [illegible] A favorite cat had grown so old as to have become an unpleasant object to look at when it was determined to have her killed A person volunteered to put pussy out of her pain and entering the room in which the cat was sleeping sat down for a moment with an ax in his hand remarking Now I m ready to kill the cat whereupon the doomed feline walked over to her intended executioner and stretching herself at his feet expired

We have a [illegible] and dollar to loan either on personal or real estate security

DELASHMUTT & OATMAN
Brokers

ja16d5

PERSONAL NOTES

Kate Stoddard the murderess of Charles Goodrich is hopelessly insane

Garibaldi has declined the national grant for his relief with thanks because of the condition of the Italian finances

Mrs Motley, wife of J Lothrop Motley the American historian is dead She was a sister of the late Park Benjamin and a lady of fine culture

Dennis Tooney the oldest inhabitant of Oxford Mass has just died at the remarkable age of 108 years He fought under Wellington at Waterloo

Mullett will settle in Brooklyn There are plenty of characters that need building up there Mullett's jobs cost like the mischief and only the wealthy can employ him

Florence McCarthy the notorious Baptist divine of Chicago has applied to the Illinois supreme court and was examined with the class yesterday at Springfield, for admission to the bar

Mrs Cornelia Jones of New Haven followed her son to Minnesota where she found him living with his father, her divorced husband As he refused to give up the child, she remarried him on the spot

The editor of a Democratic paper in Scranton Pennsylvania wrote a fierce editorial upon Presidential Present-Taking when he read that the new Japanese minister had presented his credentials to the President

The Right Honorable Sir James Graham, Duke of Montrose and Marquis of Graham and Buchanan died in England on Thursday at the age of seventy five He was the fifth Duke of Montrose having succeeded to the title in 1836

Mrs Stowe, according to a writer is in a perpetual reverie about her characters She is a literary sensualist says this scribe absorbed in the happiness of peopling new worlds She has never assisted to people the present one very much

It is announced that Prof Edward S Morse, the naturalist of Salem will sail from San Francisco in March on a trip around the world with the special purpose of examining those Japanese and Australasian shells which come within his course of study He will deliver a course of lectures in San Francisco just before starting

Indian Commissioner Smith charges Gen Custer with exaggeration and the warrior retorts by saying Mr Smith occupies a glass house of large dimensions in failing to send honest Indian agents out to the frontier One old chief says The Great Father may choose only good men, as you say and they may be good men when they leave Washington but by the time they get to us they are d—d thieves and we would like a change

THE LACES OF A RUSSIAN COUNTESS

RICH FAMILY HEIRLOOMS VALUED AT $75 000—THEY ARE STOLEN ON THE HUDSON RIVER RAILWAY—SUIT AGAINST THE COMPANY AND THE SECOND TRIAL OF THE CASE

[From the N Y Times Jan 7

The Russian Countess Olga De Maluta Fraloff visited this country in 1869 for the benefit of her health under the advice of her physicians She is the wife of Count Fraloff who holds a high position in the Russian army She had in her possession rare laces valued by her as heirlooms and mostly made as she claimed, on her ancestral estates She considered them worth about $158 000 although their intrinsic or selling value was probably not more than half that amount but she was born in them married in them and they had been worn by her ancestors and herself on so many memorable occasions, that they seemed to her like an inseparable portion of her patrimony These laces had been worn by their owner at assemblages of rank and beauty in the principal cities of Europe for the Countess was a great traveler and the laces in Paris, which she visited on ten different occasions were well known as one of the finest and rarest collections of old specimens ever worn in that capital of fashion On November 4, 1869 while the Countess was journeying to Niagara Falls by the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad the trunks containing the laces were broken into shortly after the train left Albany and the contents were stolen Every effort by the detectives, and the offer of large rewards failed to effect the recovery of the prized laces The loss almost killed the Countess, and she has never since fully recovered from the blow She endeavored to obtain payment from the railroad company for her property but the company would not admit that the theft was on account of negligence on the part of their employes She brought suit in the United States circuit court to recover $75 000 the claimed intrinsic value of the laces The case was tried in April 1872, and resulted in a disagreement of the jury as to the amount to be awarded plaintiff eight of the jurors being in favor of awarding $75 000 two $25 000 and the other two $1 000 The laces consist of the finest Old Regency Point Old English Point Point de Alencon Flemish and other rare qualities The case came on for retrial yesterday in the United States circuit court before Judge Wallace Messrs James W Gerard and John M Bowers appearing for the plaintiff and Messrs Elliot F Shepard and Frank N Shepard for the railroad company The plaintiff is now absent traveling in Africa but her deposition consisting of the evidence given by her on the previous trial will be read Evidence similar to that on the former trial proving the plaintiff's rank and corroborative of her testimony respecting herself will be given by Baron Charles R Ostensacken and Waldemar de Bodisco the Russian minister at Washington The retrial will probably last several days.

The total tonnage of the United States was 4 800 612 tons in 1874 being an increase over 1873 of 104,020 tons The canal boat tonnage, which amounts to 133 065 tons is not included in these statistics

GEO. H. CHANCE, Dentist
[illegible] First Street,
(Nearly over Express Office)
PORTLAND

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

Save yourself many dollars in money and many pangs of pain by keeping PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL constantly on hand and using it for all lameness and pain The great popularity of our ABOLITION OIL is owing to the fact that we spare neither labor nor expense in preparing it *We always have and always shall keep it up to its original standard, of unparalleled excellence* ABOLITION OIL cures rheumatism gout sprains stiff and swollen joints bruises neuralgia lame back pleurisy, sciatica sore throat, cramps, colic cholera morbus diarrhoea, nervous head-ache tooth ache ear ache and all aches and pains internal and external Sold by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD

Strengthen and regulate your system Renew your age You can do it by using the Regulator and Purifier PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Stir up your torpid liver stimulate your kidneys regulate your bowels, cure and prevent fever and ague piles dyspepsia, jaundice dropsy heart disease and all bilious complaints with the great vegetable remedy PRATT'S NEW LIFE For sale by all druggists

A McBoyle & Co Druggists 501 Washington street San Francisco, manufacturers and sole proprietors.

Harmony Lodge No 12, I O O F.—Meets every Friday evening at 5 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets Members of the Order are invited to attend By order of N G

Samaritan Lodge No 2, I O O F —Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple corner of First and Alder streets Members of the Order are invited to attend By order of N G

Harmony Encampment No 4, C of R. C. —Meets Tuesday Evenings at Good Templars Hall corner Third and Alder streets at 7½ o clock

Knights of Pythias.—Mystic Lodge No 2 holds regular Conventions on Thursday Evening of each week at 7½ o clock at the Castle Hall N W cor First and Taylor streets Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend By order of the Lodge WARD S STEVENS K of R & S

Regularity brings Vigor

Local irregularities produce weakness of the entire system In order therefore to re establish health and strength upon a sure basis, these irregularities must be permanently overcome Many persons endeavor to reform them by remedies which address themselves merely to the symptoms without affecting the cause If such individuals were to use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters they would speedily appreciate the difference between a medicine which palliates and one which entirely removes physical disability That prime regulator of bodily disturbances restores the digestive organs to an uninterrupted and healthy performance of their various duties whereby alone the system can recover its lost tone and vigor Hostetter's Bitters are a tonic medicine but they are a tonic which regulate ere they strengthen the system

[illegible] JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

HUMOROUS

Somebody has written a book entitled What Shall My Son Be?" Upon which some one else frankly replies "If the boy is as bad as the book the chances are that he will be hanged

By the way, of what politics are you?' asked a Senator of an applicant for office while on the way to introduce him to a Cabinet minister Oh, was the reply I have always been a Democrat, but I can turn

When they want to find out in the country if a girl is courting or not an old lady steps in and remarks I say, there ain t no one sick in this here house or nothin is there? I seen a light burnin nigh on to 12 o clock last night but I don t smell no campfire nor nothin round '

A colored preacher down South took for his text the words Though after my skin worms destroy this body yet in the flesh shall I see God which he divided into three parts as follows First skin worms second what they done third what the man seen after he was eat up

The brave talk by people not employed in banks as to what they would have done if they had been in the place of the Milford cashier reminds a Lowell cashier of the message from a landlord in Ireland to his agent Tell the tenants that no threats to shoot you will intimidate me in the least '

Bishop Ames sometimes tells a story of a slave master in Missouri in the olden time of negro vassalage, who said to his chattel Pompey I hear you are a great preacher Yes massa de Lord do help me powerful sometimes Well Pompey don t you think the negroes steal little things on the plantation?" I se mighty fraid they does, massa ' Then Pompey I want you to preach a sermon to the negroes against stealing After a brief reflection Pompey replied You see massa dat wouldn t never do cause twould trow such a coldness over de meetin

KALAKAUA AT BARNUM'S SHOW —As each new feature followed in rapid succession the King turned to Mr Barnum and expressed again his wonder at the richness and variety of the show In the chariot race the dash and impetuosity of the charioteers excited the King very much and hearty applause from the royal palms rewarded Miss Ella Grady the successful one At the conclusion of this act the barouche used in conveying the specialist about the ring was driven up to the royal stand and on invitation of Mr Barnum the King took a seat with him in it and was driven about the course He bowed repeatedly as cheer followed cheer while Mr Barnum was in an ecstacy of delight at adding another feature to his monster list of shows ' It is the highest compliment the hippodrome can show your majesty ' explained Mr Barnum as they regained their seats

Arrival and Departure of Mails at the Portland Post Office

Eastern and California through mail arrives daily at 4 10 p m. Closes at 6 45 a. m

Way mail going south on the East Side R. R. for Oregon and Northern California arrives daily at 4 10 p m Closes at 6 45 a. m

West Side R. R. for Hillsboro and Forest Grove, arrives daily at 6 p m Closes at 5 45 a. m

The Dalles and Eastern Oregon Washington Territory and Idaho arrives daily (Sunday excepted) between 4 and 8 p m Closes at 9 p m

Kalama Olympia St. Helens and [illegible] Rainier Astoria arrives daily (Sunday excepted) at about 6 p m Closes at 6 a m

Sauvies Island Mount Coffin Skomockaway Cathlamet Eagle Cliff Oak Point leaves Monday Wednesday and Friday arrives Tuesday Thursday and Saturday between 3 and 6 p m. Closes at 5 30 a. m

Scappoose Westport, Columbia City Willamette Slough leaves Tuesday Thursday and Saturday arrives Monday Wednesday and Friday at about 6 p m Closes at 5 30 a m

Knappa leaves Thursday arrives Friday about 4 p. m Closes at 5 30 a m

Lafayette via Tualatin Middleton and Newburg closes Friday at 6 a m., arrives Saturday 7 p m

Salem via Damascus, Eagle Creek Cuttingsville, Butte Creek and Silverton leaves Friday at 6 a. m arrives Wednesday at 6 p m Closes 9 p m

Scholl's Ferry leaves Saturday arrives Monday at 10 a. m Closes at 10 a. m

White Salmon W T leaves Saturday arrives Monday at 4 p. m

Sitka, Alaska once a month

San Francisco Cal by steamer tri monthly

Hood River and Shell Rock (Oregon) leave Saturday at 6 A M ; arrive Monday evening

Coos Bay mails arrive Tuesday and Friday and going connect at Roseburg Monday and Thursday

TAKE AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL to stop your Colds, Coughs and Bronchial Affections before they run into Consumption that you can not stop.

TO LET.

FOR RENT.

A SUIT OF ROOMS FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED and one single room furnished in a private family and Board, within five minutes walk of Front street. Inquire at THIS OFFICE.

BUSINESS CARDS.

A. L. FRANCIS,
Professor of Music.

AFTER EIGHT YEARS EXPERIENCE IN Teaching Music offers his services to the citizens of Portland
Will receive Pupils on the Guitar Piano and Violin
Orders may be left at Gray's Music Store
Residence at Mrs Taylor's cor of Third and Main

E. M. BURTON,
ARCHITECT,
Over H Boyd's Insurance Office, on First,
Bet. Washington and Stark Streets
PORTLAND

H. W. DILG,
Locksmith, Safe-Maker & Bell-Hanger,
Washington Street between First and Front.

MY PATRONS AND CUSTOMERS WILL FIND me at the above place ready at a moment's notice to do any kind of work in my line
Locks and Safes repaired at short notice and in No 1 style. Bells hung in the latest style. Patent models made to order d31 4m

R. DINSMORE, Broker,
72 First Street.

Money loaned on real estate and personal security Legal Tenders bought and sold GOLD DUST BOUGHT Interest allowed on time deposits of coin Exchange on S. F d1d5m

LOUIS RAU,
PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,
And Manufacturer of
Mathematical & Telegraph Instruments,
No 60 FIRST, bet Oak and Stark,
PORTLAND OREGON n30-2m

E. CORBETT'S
Livery, Hack & Feed Stables,
(FIRE PROOF)
COR SECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS

Reasonable Charges for Hire. Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses.

OBSERVE PRICES
Piling $1 50 per hour
Calling $1 50 first hour $1 each additional hour
To boats 50 cents each passenger
Funerals, $5 per Hack
To and from Balls and Parties $5 a couple

Orders left at STABLE or FISHEL & ROBERTS promptly attended to at any hour

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

HAVING ESTABLISHED OFFICES IN ALL parts of Oregon Washington and Idaho Territories we are prepared to do a General Express and Freighting business in all its branches.
Freight or Packages will be called for in any part of the city (by giving proper notice) and forwarded with dispatch to any part of the world through our own and connecting Expresses at Greatly Reduced rates
COLLECTIONS MADE and Commissions for Purchase of Goods etc etc, will receive prompt attention
We shall continue to DRAW EXCHANGE as usual on all the principal cities of the United States the Canadas and Europe and to sell TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE when desired
WELLS FARGO & CO

REMOVED.

DR J. R CARDWELL,
Dentist,
Has removed to Room No 4 Dekum's Building cor First and Washington street. 1aw

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS,
Incorporated September 14, 1875,
CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND [illegible] STREETS
P FRIBOGEN Secretary PETER TAYLOR President.
IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, BOILER MAKERS, GENERAL MACHINISTS AND ENGINE BUILDERS,
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE
High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS; Saw Mills; Grist Mills; Quartz, Mining and Agricultural Machinery.
WATER WHEELS, of several patterns equal to any imported on hand and made to order of any size
REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly attended to and executed with neatness and dispatch
THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San Francisco No charge for the use of them
Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam Pump, the best in use Also Agents for the [illegible] Preparation for the Prevention and Removal of Boiler Scale
DeGroot's Ornamental Iron Fence; a variety of Beautiful Patterns for Cemeteries etc
House Castings, Etc., Etc.
ja1 tf
JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent.

S. SHERLOCK,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
SADDLERY, HARNESS, SADDLERY HARDWARE,
HILL'S CONCORD STAGE AND BUGGY HARNESS, ETC., ETC.
SALES-ROOMS- No. 61 Front Street and No. 62 First Street
PORTLAND.
150 DOZEN ASSORTED TEAM COLLARS ON HAND.

BANKS.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange
(Sight and Telegraphic) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO	NEW YORK,
ST LOUIS	CHICAGO

Bills of Exchange,
Drawn in the usual way for any sum desired, on

LONDON	HONG KONG
PARIS,	BERLIN

FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND.
Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States
President HENRY FAILING,
Cashier JAMES STEEL
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight
INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities
SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS, payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on, NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST LOUIS
SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON THE-MAIN.

THE
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital, $1,500,000
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000 000.
HEAD OFFICE—[illegible]
BRANCHES
In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland.
AGENCIES
In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.
Exchange for Sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland, New York and Canada
INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.
Approved Bills discounted or Collections made on available collaterals
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

J. SIMON & CO.,
56 FRONT STREET.
DEALERS IN
DOORS AND BLINDS
WINDOW SASH, ETC.
1,000 Boxes Glass
ENAMELED GLASS.
STAINED GLASS,
CRYSTAL SHEET,
And CUT GLASS.
PRICES REDUCED
Call before purchasing elsewhere
GLAZING DONE TO ORDER

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,
NO 6 POST STREET MASONIC TEMPLE, San Francisco Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit—Dividends paid Semi Annually Loans made on approved security Certificates of Deposit issued payable at New York Philadelphia Boston and the principal cities of the Atlantic States and Canada. This Bank solicits the patronage of all persons. Wm H Culver, President, Frances Smith Vice President, H. T Graves, Sec'y Leonidas E. Pratt Attorney all1daw6m

H. H. CARPENTER,
Not new Store but New Goods!
N E Corner First and Yamhill Streets.
CROCKERY, GLASS & CHINA WARE,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
LAMPS AND LANTERNS,
And a Fine Assortment of
VASES AND FANCY GOODS.
Also GROCERIES CIGARS TOBACCO &c &c.
H H CARPENTER
Portland Nov 28 1874 n28daw1f

P GOLDSMITH. J LOEWENBERG
GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG
(Successors to Friedman & Co.,)
32 and 34 Front St., O. S. N. Co's Block
Importers and Dealers in
STOVES, METALS,
AND
TINMEN'S STOCK.
AGENCY for TILTON & McFARLAND'S SAFES

SNODGRASS & CO.,
CINCINNATI O
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For sale of
OREGON SALMON.
Orders for purchase of COTTON GOODS OILS, PROVISIONS Etc. will have prompt attention
ap19-law6m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGE THE PROMPT payment of my claim against the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company of Boston—the same being the sum of $2 000 and policy No [illegible] in that Company
d25d1m ELIZA FRYLE

SADDLERY.

WELCH & MORGAN,
FRONT ST., 2d DOOR NORTH of Yamhill,
Manufacturers and Importers of
SADDLERY,
HARNESS,
And Lady's Carriage Whips
SANTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER
ALSO
Hill's Concord Team, Stage and Buggy Harness.
We Warrant all articles which we sell at the LOWEST RATES

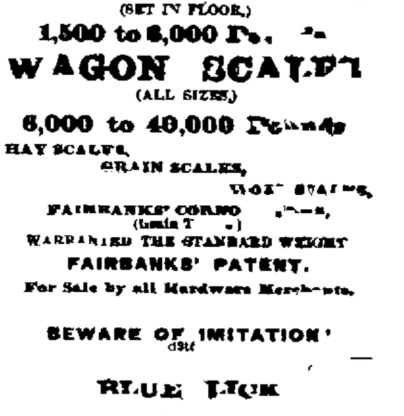
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.

L. B HARRIS. | F CLAY | CHAS. L. DELL
HARRIS, DELL & CO.,
SHIPPING,
Forwarding & Commission
MERCHANTS,
Proprietors
STAR LINE PACIFIC PACKETS
No. 40 California street,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
No. 88 Front street,
PORTLAND, OGN.
Liberal Advances made on Consignments to

HARDWARE IRON AND STEEL.

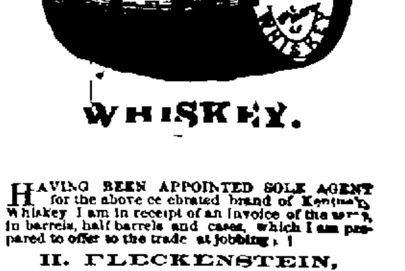
JOHN R. FOSTER,
CORNER FRONT AND [illegible]
Dealer in
Howe's Platform and Counter Scales
THE BEST IN USE
Steel and Builders' Hardware.
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY
[illegible]
Nails, Rope, Shovels, Anvils, Axes, Etc
All of which are [illegible]
[illegible]
Would invite particular attention to buyers of [illegible] Hardware and House Furnishing Goods,
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

FAIRBANKS'



THE STANDARD
(Buy only the Genuine)
PLATFORM SCALES!
(ON WHEELS)
400 to 5,000 Pounds
WAREHOUSE SCALES
(SET IN FLOOR,)
1,500 to 8,000 Pounds
WAGON SCALES
(ALL SIZES)
6,000 to 40,000 Pounds
HAY SCALES,
GRAIN SCALES,
[illegible] SCALES,
FAIRBANKS' CORNO [illegible]
WARRANTED THE STANDARD WEIGHT
FAIRBANKS' PATENT.
For Sale by all Hardware Merchants.
BEWARE OF IMITATION!
d31f

BLUE LICK



WHISKEY.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the above celebrated brand of Kentucky Whiskey I am in receipt of an invoice of the same, in barrels, half barrels and cases, which I am prepared to offer to the trade at jobbing [illegible]
H. FLECKENSTEIN,
SOLE AGENT
Wholesale Dealer in Wines and Liquors,
No 147 First near Taylor street.

WM. PFUNDER,
APOTHECARY AND CHEMIST,
DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE,
Corner of First and Oak streets, (Portland
PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY

Don't Overlook This!
FOR $7,000; ORIGINAL COST, $11,300.
Title Perfect Terms Easy

MY ELEGANT RESIDENCE ON THE NORTH-east corner Taylor and Twelfth streets Lots 1 and [illegible] Block 208 for Sale
ja1 m J M G KALLICH

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING JANUARY 21 1875

THE STORM KING

I am Storm—the King!
I live in a fortress of fire and cloud—
You may hear my batteries sharp and loud
In the summer night
When I call my warriors arm for the fight
And the [illegible]
And the [illegible]
And they bend beneath the terrible spring,
Of Storm, the King!

I am Storm—the King!
My trumpets are the wind and the hail and the rain
My forests are the waves and the feathery grain
The mail-clad oak
That guards its front to my charge and stroke,
The ship on the sea
The blossoms on the lea
And they writhe and they bend at the war-cry ring,
Of Storm, the King!

I am Storm—the King!
I drove the sea o'er the Leyden dykes
And a deadlier foe than the burgher pikes,
To the wall I bore
The [illegible] Ark [illegible] from the ocean shore,
O'er the vale and mead
With war-like speed
Till the Spaniard fled from the deluge rain
Of Storm, the King!

I am Storm—the King!
I saw an armada set sail from Spain
To sprinkle with blood a maiden's reign
I met the host
With shattering blows on the island coast
And tore each deck
To shreds and a wreck
And the Saxon poets the praises sing
Of Storm, the King!

I am Storm—the King!
My marshals are four—the swart simoon
Sirocco, tornado and swift typhoon,
My realm is the world
Wherever a pennon is waved or furled
My stern command
Sweeps sea and land
And none unharmed a scoff may fling
At Storm, the King!

I am Storm—the King!
I score the earth, the sea, the air
And drag the trees by their emerald hair,
A chase, for game
With a leap and a scream the prairies flame,
The commerce ark
And the pirate bark
And none may escape the terrible spring
Of Storm, the King!

JENKINS IN NEVADA.

PERILS OF FASHION REPORTING IN THE FAR WEST

The fashion reporter of an Austin City (Nevada) paper describes the belle of the masquerade ball in the following astounding language

"The most gorgeous, stunning, high-toned, richest, fastest-classest, nicest or any other adjective for costume in the 'outfit' was that worn by Miss Frankie Clarke She was the hifalutinest, gayest and galuscat-dressed gal in the room She appeared in the room as a page, and she was a page that any man would have another to read. Both in costume and action she was as perfect as a big sunflower"

A couple of days after the appearance of the notice, into the editorial room of the paper stalked a young man. His brow was wrapped in thunder, his body in a suit of tweed, and his hand clasped a big lump of hickory He pulled a paper out of his pocket, and pointing his finger to the paragraph, said—"I want ter see the man as wrote that are." "I am the individual," replied the person "What did yer go and do it for, that's wat I want to know" "O, because I thought you'd like to see your girl made out one of the most bewitching females that was ever set on earth to keep a man from his hash and drive balmy sleep from his pillow" "Now, look here Ever sence that was published I can't get a word out on her She sets in front of the looking-glass and keeps a grin' on herself, and makin' squint eyes at her dress, and puckerin' up her mouth, and actin' as if she were a blasted sight better'n anybody else I want this 'ere thing fixed, or there'll be an editor's [illegible]" He looked significantly at the club For a moment the reporter stood in profound thought, then his face brightened, and he said, "I'll fix it in the next week's paper. After you've seen the next issue, call and tell me the result." The young man left. In the next week's paper appeared the following paragraph

"A CORRECTION—We made a grave mistake in our issue of last week In our description of the masquerade ball we accidently substituted the name of Miss Frankie Clarke for that of Miss Georgia Waller Any one who is acquainted with the first-named lady must have discovered the error. It is true that she appeared for what was intended for a page, but she looked a good deal more like a bootblack in hard luck She is not good-looking, her actions were absurd, and every man in the room kept as far from her as possible She thinks of moving out of this community, as it is unappreciative When she goes she will be escorted out of the town by a brass band The people of Austin will gladly miss her from among them"

The next day the young man entered the office In his hand he bore a rifle and his belt was ornamented with a big six-shooter and a tremendous bowie-knife He sailed up to the reporter "I look warlike, don't I? I don't feel a bit like fightin', you bet. You jest oughter have seen her when she read that correction. Why, she jest danced a jig with madness, and she sot down and cried, and then she come up and threw her arms around my neck, and said 'Arthur, do you love me?' 'You bet your best bonnet on that,' said I. 'Well, never expect me to speak to you again if you don't go and kill the feller wat writ that slander' In course I promised. And here I am to kill you" He laughed long and heartily After a time he quieted down, and the reporter said "I suppose, in order to make it all right between you and your girl, I've got to become a corpse. I'll do it. Sit there a minute and I'll fix the business" He sat down at a desk, and scribbled away for a few minutes, and then returned with a sheet of paper on which was written

"OBITUARY—It grieves us to be compelled to announce the sudden death of Mr Charles Keller, the young and talented fashion editor In a moment of mental aberration he had slandered an estimable, accomplished and beautiful young lady of this city named Miss Fannie Clark Yesterday her betrothed called at this office and asked for the author of the slander, and when he discovered him, shot him dead on the spot. This paper will be unable to give fashion gossip hereafter We find it impossible to fill the place left vacant by Mr Keller Though erratic, he was a man of kindly heart, and could listen more attentively to stale stories, and drink more bad whisky, than any man in Austin R. I. P."

"That's your sort," said the infuriated lover "That's the thing to a T Come along Mr Corpse, and hust a little lightning" The lady was satisfied when the paragraph appeared in the next issue of the paper, her lover was regarded as a hero, and the Austin paper ceased to give reports of fashionable balls—*Chicago Tribune*

ADVENTURE WITH FRIED MUSH

HOW THE RATS MUST HAVE CHUCKLED OVER IT

Fried mush is one of the most delicious viands which can grace a breakfast table When well prepared it is delicate, toothsome, nutritious and easily digested It strengthens the muscles, furnishes a large amount of phosphorus to the brain by the phosphates it contains, it increases the deposition of adipose tissue and frightens away dyspepsia This is when it is well prepared, when otherwise, it is otherwise as Venerable Gammon would say This is what the boarders of one of our leading boarding houses discovered by a rather lively course of catharsis

The aforesaid boarding house has been afflicted with rats lately, and the proprietor thereof, filled with hostile feelings of the rodents procured a quantity of arsenic which he mixed with cornmeal and placed in the cellar. Yesterday morning there was fried mush for breakfast, and it was cooked in the usual appetizing manner peculiar to the cuisine of the establishment The fourteen boarders and the proprietor partook heartily and went about their business with the happy feeling that attends men who have made a square meal

In a short time a change came over the spirit of their epigastric dreams there was decided stomachic uneasiness and one by one the boarders became pallid about the gills, and placing their hands supportingly below their waistbands began a precipitate retreat Things looked very much like the cabin of an ocean steamship just after she gets out on deep water As the trouble spread it was evident that something unusual was the matter and a doctor was called

After carefully examining the symptoms he decided it was a case of arsenical poisoning, and proceeded to treat the patients with a view to counteracting its effects. Fortunately, it proved the dose had been light, and the effects were confined to a simple disturbance of the stomach accompanied with violent vomiting and physicing which yielded finally to appropriate remedies, and to-day the patients are all around as usual, attending to their ordinary avocations, and but little if any, worse for their severe purgation

In searching for the cause of trouble, it was discovered that by some stupid blunder one of the kitchen hands had emptied the poisoned meal into that from which the mush had been prepared The escape made from having fourteen first-class funerals, and as many inquests and a big sensation which would make the papers sell was sufficiently narrow—*Toledo Blade*

Somebody has comprehensively said "Lady Macbeth is successively ambitious, resolute, indomitable triumphant, oppressed ingenious overwhelmed and crushed but through all she is determined noble, and heroic

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, January 20, 1875

Gold in New York 112⅛.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 89, selling 90

Legal tenders in San Francisco 89¼ buying 89¾ selling

Sight exchange on San Francisco, coin ⅜ ⅌c discount, currency ½ of 1 per cent, prem

Sight exchange on New York coin ¾ of one per cent prem and currency ½ of one per cent

Price of Sterling exchange in New York, $4 84½@4 88

Gold bars 725@750

Average California wheat ex warehouse is quoted by latest telegrams from Liverpool, at 46s 3d per quarter, Oregon ditto 46s 8d. Oregon cargoes for prompt shipment are quotable in Liverpool at 44s per quarter; ditto in Cork 44s The European markets are all reported dull and cargoes for shipment find slow sale

Still ice bound, our market is without any developments of an interesting character and but few transactions of public importance are taking place Financial matters of a local nature seem to be very quiet and enquirers after loans are few and mostly of those who require accommodations on short time to carry stocks of grain and flour until navigation is again opened Rates have undergone no material fluctuation since the interruption of trade by the ice blockade, and the supply of capital loanable is quite adequate to the present limited current demand

In trade circles the actual transactions are but few in number and limited in amounts, most of our city dealers being engaged in squaring up the old year's books and preparing for the business of the spring trade which it is hoped will be quite active.

The custom house books of this collection district show $204,214 collected last year as duties value of domestic exports $2 270,758, coastwise tonnage entered 191,026 tons, cleared 85,862 tons; American tonnage entered 11 771 tons, cleared 17 576 tons, for eign [illegible] ed 84 665 tons cleared 42,439 tons. The tonnage of the district Dec. 31st was 19 581 tons.

Grain and Provision Reports.

The receipts of wheat at Chicago during the year 1874 were 30 077 842 bushels Shipments from the same point were 27 352,842.

The receipts of flour at Chicago in 1874 were 2,591 525 barrels and the shipments 2,249 338 barrels

Chicago elevators at the commencement of business Monday, Jan 4, contained 2 373,392 bushels of wheat 1 291 401 bushels of corn 486,171 bushels of oats, 22 179 bushels of rye, and 833,728 bushels of barley making a grand total of 4 006 871 bushels against 4 031 855 bushels one week before, and 3,635,698 bushels at the same period last year

Milwaukee warehouses at the close of business on Jan 2d, contained 1,420,825 bushels of wheat, 24,283 bushels of corn 82 323 bushels of oats, 11 570 bushels of rye, and 127,579 bushels of barley

Below will be found the amount of grain in sight in the States and Canada December 26 1874 wheat 11 793 277 bushels, corn 3 999 618 bushels oats 2,547,146 bushels, barley 2,350 066 bushels.

The exports from the leading seaboard ports during the week ending January 7, includ 2 727 barrels of pork 3 773 900 pounds of lard 8 000 400 pounds of bacon, 31 656 barrels of flour, 4 0,000 bushels of wheat 579 000 bushels of corn

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Trade is quiet and prices for seasonable goods firm at current quotations. Mitchell Wagons $120@145 Bain 3-inch to 4 inch thimble skein $130 to $160; Pacific do $120@1 0 Seasonable Goods are in full supply

BAGS AND BAGGING—Burlap, standard, 12½@13c Flour qr sks 9¼@10c hf sks, 15@15½c, Grain 10½ oz, 22x36, 14a15c Oat 23x40 14a16c 28x36 15a16c Flax Seed 21x36 7 c Wool, 3½ lbs 40x90 60a65 Burlaps 40 inch, 10, 10½, 11 11½ and 12 oz 10@12c, Seaming Twine 3 ply flax 40a45c Roping 5 ply flax and jute 40a45 4 1 Dutch Carpeting and Matting 25c Table Baizes, 10 yard lengths, wood and brass [illegible] per piece

BOOTS AND SHOES—Stocks on hand embrace full assortment trade light, yet an active call for the favorite brands, like the Cordova kip and the genuine Webfoot boots for Ladies Misses and Childrens' wear the Button Boots take the lead We quote Webfoot 2 sole kip boots $51@54 Granger ½ d's kip boots $45@48 Mohawk Standing boots, $37 50@39 Calf Dress boots, da & ta, $37@40, Boys kip Cordova boots $30 Boys Split do, $24 11 Rubber do $54@57 Knee $40@51

BROOMS—The jobbing prices are firm at $4@$5 pr doz. for common and $4 75@$6 50 for best to extra best.

BUILDING MATERIALS—Mill prices delivered in the city are Fir lumber rough $12 per M edged $14, surface sheathing $16, siding $20 rustic $25 flooring $22 50 roofing $17 50 seasoned flooring $25 one side planed $20 four sides planed, $25 sidewalk and wharf flooring $11; Laths, $3 Pickets, 1¼ inch lineal per 100 75c; Lattice, 75c per 100 Shingles $2 50@$3 per M

CANNED GOODS—Oysters, $2 25@$2 75 Jams and Jellies $4 00 Los Angeles Honey $4 00 Strawberries $4 00, Rasberries, $4 25 Blackberries $4 00, Pine Apple, $3 50, Green Gage $3 75@$4 Peaches $4 00@$4 25 Pie Fruit, $3@$3 50 Green Peas $3 50 Green Beans $3 50 Lobsters $3 50@$3 75 Clams, $4 Green Corn $3 00@$3 25 Tomatoes $2 00; Quinces $3

CEMENT &c—New Jersey $6, Calcine Plaster, $5 Land Plaster $2 50 Santa Cruz Lime $2 50 San Juan Lime $2 50 English Portland Cement, $6 75 Hoffman's New York Cement $5

COFFEE—Market well sustained at the following jobbing prices Costa Rica 25 Guatemala 28@31½ Java 34 J F Jones & Co's Ground Java 30c Chartres 33c Phoenix Premium 22@23c Rio 25c

DRUGS—Quotable in jobbing lots for Alum 6c Borax 20@25c Blue Vitrol 11@11½c, Potash Grants 1lb cans ⅌ doz $2 25 Rosin ⅌ bbl $10@$13 Saltpetre in kegs 16@22c per lb Soda Caustic 8½@9c Soda Ash 4½@6c

DRY GOODS—Standard drills 15@16c seconds 13c sheetings light 11½c medium 12½c standard 14@15½c house lining 8½ bleached sheeting ¾, 9@10½ do ⅞ 13½ do 4-4 12½@15c Cotton Checks 15@30 linen checks 18@25c cambrics 10c Cotton flannel bleached 16@20c do brown 12½@18c Cottonades light 20@25c do heavy 25@40c Denims 15@30c Hickory stripes 12½@15c Standard prints 11c seconds, do, 9c Delaines, 18@20 Linseys 20@30c Ticks ¾ 14½@30 do 4-4 20@35 Bear Duck 25c Table Linen damask brown 50@60c damask bleached 50@$1 Diaper linen 30@37½c Alpaca black 25@75c, Waterproof $1 12@1 25 Crash 10@15c, Ginghams—Domestic 16@18c Scotch 22@30c Lawns 15@27c Percales 15@30

FISH—Cod Pacific, 8c Eastern 9c Mackerel No 1 ⅌ hf bbl $10 50 do No 2 $9 00 do kitts No 1 $2 50 do No 2 $2 00 Salmon pickled hf bbl $6 bbl $9 Canned, fresh 2lb cans, $3 00 per doz 1lb $2 25 Sardines qrs $2 25 hfs $3 50

FRUITS (dried) AND PRESERVES—Peaches 11@12 Hungarian Prunes 14c Plums pitless 15@17c Raisins in bxs $3 75 hf do $4 00@4 25 quarter $1 25@$1 50 eighth boxes $5 75 Zante Currants 10@11½c Oregon do 10c 20 Citron 40@45c

METALS—Market for jobbing lots for Iron—Scotch and English pig reported in San Francisco $45 refined bar ⅌ lb 4½c Sheet 14 to 20 9c do 21 to 27 10c Copper—Sheathing ⅌ lb 45c do old 16c Yellow 45 Sheathing bronzed tinned 66 do old 16c Tin Plates—Prices charcoal IX per box $17 50 do IC char $16 Roofing Plates $17, Banca Tin labs ⅌ lb 62½c. Steel—English cast steel ⅌ lb 30c Lead—Pig ⅌ lb 9@10 Sheet 15c Pipe 15 Bar 10@10½ Zinc—Sheets ⅌ lb 14c Babbit metal 30@40 Quicksilver 95c

NAILS—Quotable 60d to 10d, $4 75 ⅌ keg 8d $5 75 6d $5 75 4d and 5d $6 00 cut spikes $5 75 ⅌ keg finishing and bradheads $1 ⅌ keg advance on corresponding sizes common box nails, 75c ⅌ keg advance on price of common, same size

NUTS—Almonds 25@30c, Brazil, 20c Filberts 22½c Hickory 20c Peanut, 12c; Pecan, 20c, Walnuts 12½@13c

OILS—We quote our market in jobbing lots—Devoe's coal 31@35c ⅌ gal Downer's 30a35c Standard 37½ Crystaline (in 5 gal cans) 40c Gaslight 30c China Nut 85a95c Lard in cases extra, $1 25 No 1 $1 10 in bbls extra $1 10 Linseed, Pioneer (Salem) Mills $1 10 @ 1 15 ⅌ gallon

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS—Family Blankets Superfine $22 XX $14, X $11 00 No 1 extra bound $10 No 1 bound $9 50; No 2 4 point $8 50 No 3 3 pt $6 50 Cold Blankets 3 pt Gray, black border $5 50 do fancy border $6 75 3 pt Victoria $7 00 [illegible] $8 25 3pt Green $7 00 3 pt Blue $6 75 [illegible] Striped $7 25 4 pt Gray fancy B $7 [illegible] Victoria $9 25 4 pt Scarlet $11 4 pt Green $3 25 [illegible] Blue $10 [illegible] 1 Gray $9 50 Flannels Blue Mix Twilled [illegible] Scarlet [illegible] White plain [illegible] Twilled [illegible] Fancy Shirting twilled 60c Plain Colored 40 to 4[illegible] Scarlet plain [illegible] Cloths Hard Times $1a$1 15 Cassimeres $1 20 to $1 35, Cassimeres 64 $ to Doeskins $1 15 to $1 3[illegible] Tweeds 80 to $1 Yarn White and Gray $1 2[illegible] Scarlet $1 50 Repellant $1 10 Clouded $1 [illegible]

PAINTS—We quote market in jobbing lots for Averill's chemical ⅌ gal $2 75 Atlantic [illegible] Bartlett [illegible] North River 11 Greenback 10½ Wm Provost & Sons 1[illegible] French Zinc white 16 Devoe Zinc white 1[illegible] lampblack [illegible] German town [illegible] ordinary 2[illegible] Venetian red 6[illegible] Havre Ocre [illegible] red lead, 12½@1[illegible] Litharge, 1[illegible] fire pr [illegible] cents

RICE—The supplies are not excessive and jobbers receive through the San Francisco market quotable China 6½@7½c Patna 7 [illegible] Island 8@8½c No Carolina in market

SALERATUS—Barton's, 8½a8½c Donnelly's 8 Babbits 10 a10½c

SALT—Ground Rock $13 ⅌ ton Carman Island $20 @21 Liverpool coarse in 200lb sacks $20 do in 100lb sacks $22 50 do fine in 200lb sacks [illegible] do in 100lb sacks $2[illegible] do in 50lb sacks [illegible]

SOAP—Quotable firm for R Irving & Co's in jobbing lots at 6 a6½

STARCH—The agents rates with the usual discount off to the trade are for Pearl 9½c pure 12 lb boxes 10½c 1 lb papers 11½c silver gloss 6lb bxs 12½c 1 lb papers 17c Peoria Satin Glaze 13 Corn, 1 lb papers 1[illegible]c

SUGARS—The stocks here are up to the average in quantity quotable as follows Crushed fine crushed and dry granulated 12½c ⅌ lb in bbls and 12½c in half bbls powdered 13½c in bbls and 13c in half bbls

SYRUPS—Sellinghere at San Francisco Refiners prices as full stocks were the rule at the time of the late advance We quote at 67½c ⅌ gal in bbls 72½c in half bbls and 75@77½c in kegs.

Retail Family Market.

The following are the prices at which the principal articles of consumption are held by our Retail Dealers

GREEN FRUITS	
Oranges ⅌ doz	1 00
Limes ⅌ doz.	25
Cocoanuts each	25
Ogn Grapes ⅌ lb	12½
Cranberries ⅌ gal	7a 50
Lemons ⅌ doz	1 00a1 50
Peaches ⅌ lb	—
Apples ⅌ box	1 50a2 00
Plums ⅌ lb	none
DRIED FRUIT	
Figs Cal ⅌ lb	16a20
Figs Asia Min new	25a30
Figs, old	20a25
Apples	10
Plums pitless	15a18
Prunes, Ger & Fr	20a25
Pears	12a13
Bananas ⅌ doz	
GROCERIES	
Coffee, ground, ⅌ lb	25a40
do green C. R.	30a33
do Rio	none
do Java	30
do Mocha	none
Sugar crushed	14½a15
do pulverized	15a16
do granulated	15a16
do Island No1	11½a12½
do No 2	9a10
do extra	12½
Milk, condensed	37
Candles, adamant	20a25
do Paraffine	30a37
do Sperm	62
Oil Kerosene ⅌ gal	40
Syrup Golden ⅌ gal	1 00
Tea—	
Gunpowder	$1 25a1 50
Imperial	1 25a1 50
Young Hyson	1 10a1 50
Hyson	1 00a1 25
Eng Breakfast	1 00
Japan	60a1 50
PROVISIONS, ETC	
Butter—	⅌ lb
Fancy Dairy	40
Good	25a30
Ordinary	20a25
Cooking	25
Cheese California	20
do Eastern	25
do Oregon	25
Hams country	18
do city	18a20
do Sugar-cured	18a20
Shoulders	10a12
Bacon clearsides	15
do Breakfast	15a16
Lard—	
Pure Leaf in tins	15a17½
Good in tins	15
In bulk	18
Honey, yellow comb	25
do white	37
Eggs, ⅌ doz	40
BREADSTUFFS	
Flour—	⅌ sack
Fancy brands	1 50
Choice	1 25
Common	1 12½a1 25
Graham extra	1 50
Corn meal Cal ⅌ lb	4a5
do Oregon	4a5
POULTRY	
Hens grown ⅌ pr	$1 00
Roosters	1 00
Spring chickens	87½
Ducks, tame	1 25
Geese	1 50
Turkeys	2 50

CANNED GOODS	⅌ doz
Oyster 2lb cans	4 00a4 50
do 1lb cans	2 75a3 00
Lobsters, 2lb cans	3 00
do lb cans	2 50a3 00
Sardines qr tins	3 50a4 00
do hf tins	5 00a6 00
Clams	4 50a5 00
Green corn 2lb cns	3 00a3 50
Peas 2lb cns	4 00a4 50
Beans 2lb cns	3 50a4 00
Tomatoes 2lb cns	2 75a3 00
Peaches 2½lb cns	4 25a4 75
Pine apples 2lb cns	[illegible]50a5 00
Strawberries	4 00a4 50
Blackberries	4 00a5 00
Apricots 2lb cns	[illegible]50a4 50
Jellies, in tins	4 00a5 50
Jams, in tins	4 00a6 00
Mushrooms ⅌ doz	6 00
SAUCES ETC	⅌ doz pts qts
Worcester Sauce	3 00a9 00
Catsup Tomato	2 00a3 50
do Mushroom	3 00a5 00
Capers	4 00a6 00
Curry Powders	5 00a6 00
Mustard Frch	2 75a3 75
do Cal	2 00a3 00
Pickles English pts	6 10
qts	9 00
NUTS	⅌ lb
Almonds	25
Walnuts	18
Brazil	25a30
Filberts	20a25
Peanuts	15a20
Pecan	25
Chestnuts	40
Hickory	12½
GAME	
Ducks wild ⅌ pair	62a75
Geese	1 50
Swan	2 00
Grouse	75
Pheasants	62
Venison, ⅌ lb	—
FISH	
Eastern Cod, ⅌ lb	12½
Boneless	15a16
Pacific Cod	8a12
Sturgeon	5
Salmon	8a10
Desiccated Cod	20
Mackerel ⅌ kit	2 50a4 50
Fresh Oysters, ⅌ 100	50
VEGETABLES	
Squash Cal ⅌ lb	3
Beets	
Onions	2a2½
Carrots	2
Turnips	2
Blackberries ⅌ gal	00
Cherries ⅌ lb	00
Cabbage ⅌ doz.	1 50a2 00
Cauliflower	2 00a3 00
Potatoes	2½
Asparagus	50
Lettuce, ⅌ doz	00
MEATS	
Beef ⅌ lb	8a10
do choice cuts	10a15
Mutton	8a12½
do choice cuts	
Veal	10a12½
Pork	10a12½
do choice cuts	

AGENTS FOR THE OREGONIAN.

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[illegible] Valley
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Looking Glass
Myrtle Creek,
*Oakland,
Pass Creek,
*Roseburg,
Scottsburg,
Ten Mile

Umpqua City
Wilbur
Yoncalla

Grant.
Alvord
*Canyon City
Camp Watson,
Dayville
John Day City
Prairie City
Parkersville
Pritchard's
Sumpter

Jackson.
Applegate
*Ashland Mills
Brownsborough
Central Point
Drew's Valley
Eagle Point
Grant's Pass
Hot Springs
*Jacksonville,
Lakeport
Linkville
Langell Valley
Phoenix
Rock Point
Sam's Valley
Sprague River
Table Rock
Willow Springs
Yainax

Josephine.
Kirby
Leland
Slate Creek
Waldo
Murphy,

Lane.
Butte Disappointment
Big Prairie
Cottage Grove
Coast Fork
Camas Swale
Cartwrights
Crow,
*Eugene City,
Franklin
Goshen
Junction
Long Tom
Mohawk
Pleasant Hill
Rattlesnake
Siuslaw
Spencer Creek
Springfield
Willamette Forks

Linn.
*Albany
Big Prairie,
*Brownsville,
Crawfordsville
Diamond Hill,
Fox Vally,
Grass Ridge,
Waterloo
*Harrisburg
Halsey,
Jordan
Lebanon
Miller
Muddy
Mount Pleasant
Peoria
Pine,
Scio
Soda Springs
Shedd's
Sodaville
Sweethome,

Marion.
Aurora
Aumsville,
Butteville,
Brooks
Gervais
Hubbard's,
Jefferson,
Marion
Monitor
Newellsville,
*Salem,
Silverton
Stayton
St Paul
Sublimity

Turner
Woodburn,

Multnomah.
East Portland,
*Portland
Powell's Valley,
St. Johns
Williams Slough

Polk.
Bethel
Buena Vista,
*Dallas
Lola
Elk Horn
Grand Ronde
Independence
Lincoln
Luckiamute
Lewisville
Monmouth,
Perrydale
Pickreall
Zena

Tillamook.
Garibaldi
Kilchis
Netarts
Nestockton
Tillamook
Trask

Umatilla
Butter Creek,
Heppner
Marshall
Meadowville
Pence
Milton
Pilot Rock
Pendleton
Umatilla
Weston
Willow Forks

Union.
Cove
Island City
*La Grande
North Powder,
Orodell
Summerville
Union
Wallowa

Wasco.
Antelope
Bridge Creek,
Hood River,
Prineville
Mitchell
Mt. Hood,
Scotts
Shellrock
Spanish Hollow,
*The Dalles,
Warm Springs,
Wasco,
Bloughby

Washington.
Beaverton
Cedar Mill
Cornelius,
Dilley
*Forest Grove
Glencoe
Greenville
Hillsboro
Joppa
Middleton,
Mountain Dale
Peake
Scholl's Ferry
Taylor's Ferry
Wapato
West Union,

Yamhill.
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Neah Bay
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Clarke.
Battle Ground
Brush Prairie
Fourth Plain
Lewis River,
Pioneer
Union Ridge,
*Vancouver,
Washougal,

Chehalis.
Cedarville
Chehalis Point,
Elma,
Hoquiam
Montesano,
Oakville,
Satsop
Sharon,

Cowlitz.
Castle Rock
Carrolton,
Freeport
Kalama
Lower Cowlitz,
Martin's Bluff,
Monticello
Mt Coffin
Oak Point
Pekin

Island.
Coupeville
Coveland,
Utsalady

Jefferson.
Port Discovery,
Port Ludlow
*Port Townsend

King.
Black River
Duwamish,
Fall City
*Seattle
Slaughter
Snoqualmie
Squak
White River

Kitsap.
Blakely
Port Madison,
Port William
Port Orchard
Seabeck

Teekalet

Klickitat.
Block House
Columbus
Goldendale
Klickitat City
White Salmon

Lewis.
Boisfort
Chehalis
Cowlitz
Claquato,
Little Falls,
Glenoden
Napavine
Newaukum
Skookum Chuck,
Winlock,

Mason.
Arcadia
Lightville,
Oakland
Skokomish,
Sherwood's Mills

Pierce.
Fife
Franklin
Lake View,
Puyallup
*Steilacoom
New Tacoma
Tacoma

Pacific.
Brookfield,
Bruceport,
Chinook
Knappton
Oysterville,
Riverside,
Unity
Walton
Woodard's Landing

Snohomish.
Lowell
Mukilteo
Snohomish
Tulalip

Skamania.
Cascades

Stevens.
Chewelah
Crab Creek
Fort Colville
Four Lakes
Owensburgh,

Pine Grove
Rock Creek,
Rosalia
Spokane Bridge,
Spokane Falls,
Union Flat
Walker's Prairie

Thurston.
Beaver
Miami Prairie,
*Olympia
Tenino
Tumwater,
Yelm.

Wahkiakum.
Cathlamet,
Eagle Cliff
Skamokaway
Waterford,

Walla Walla.
Alpowa,
Dayton,
Hall
Pataha
Tukanon,
*Walla Walla,
Wallula
*Waitsburg
Whitman

Whatcom.
Chehalis
Fidalgo
La Conner,
Lehmila
Lopez
Orcas Island,
Samish
Semiahmoo
Ship Harbor
Skagit
Whatcom
Guemes

Whitman.
Ewartsville,
Palouse

Yakima.
Attanum
Ellensburg
Fort Simcoe,
Konnewock,
Kittitas
Moxee
Nanum
Pleasant Grove
Selah
Yakima.

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W. H AIKEN ATTORNEY AT LAW AND Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic in California and Nevada will give prompt attention to the collection of Additional Travel Pay now due California and Nevada Volunteers discharged more than three hundred miles from home Soldiers can depend on fair dealing. Information given free of charge When writing enclose stamp for reply and state company and regiment and whether you have a discharge Congress has extended the time for filing claims for additional Bounty under Act of July 28 1866 to January 1875 and such claims must be made before that time Original Bounty of $100 has been allowed all volunteers who enlisted before July 22d 1861 for three years if not paid the same when discharged Land Warrants can be obtained for services rendered before 1855 but not for services in the late war Pensions for late war and war of 1812 obtained and increased when allowed for less than disability warrants but no pensions are allowed to Mexican and Florida war soldiers State of Texas has granted pensions to surviving veterans of Texas Revolution New Orleans and Mobile Prize Money is now due and being paid W. H Aiken also attends to General Law and Collection Business

au15dsstaw owon

COSTS WITHDRAWN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL TAX payers of School District No 1 who have paid to the undersigned any money as costs upon their delinquency tax for the year 1874 will have the same returned to them by presenting their receipts at the office of the Clerk within sixty days from date corner First and Stark streets

J D HOLMAN
School Clerk

January 15 187[illegible] ja15d5t

LAW CARDS.

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
No 12 Dekum's Building

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Attorneys and Counselors at Law.
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Portland, Oregon.
jan1dlm

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Has Removed from Holmes' Building to
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Office in Ankeny's Building, First Street
Will practice in all Courts of Record in the State and pay particular attention to Business in the United States Courts

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JOHN M. GEARIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Room 20 Dekum's Building

GEO H DURHAM — R Y THOMPSON.

DURHAM & THOMPSON,
Attorneys-at-Law.
109 First street, opposite Occidental Hotel, Portland.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
Attorneys at Law,
Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets Portland

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

W. W. MORELAND,
Attorney at Law—Oregon City, Oregon.

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Office Hours—10 to 12, 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P M.

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Stalls 8, 9 and 10 Central Market.

SHIPS AND STEAMBOATS SUPPLIED

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J. S. KELLER,

Has returned to the

COR. MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,

Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

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Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic,

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Costiveness Jaundice Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery Gout Stomach and Breath Erysipelas Headache Piles Rheumatism Eruptions and Skin Diseases Biliousness Liver Complaint Dropsy Tetter Tumors and Salt Rheum Worms Gout Neuralgia as a Dinner Pill and Purifying the Blood are the most congenial purgative yet perfected Their effects abundantly show how much they excel all other Pills They are safe and pleasant to take but powerful to cure They purge out the foul humors of the blood they stimulate the sluggish or disordered organ into action and they impart health and tone to the whole being They cure not only the every day complaints of every body but formidable and dangerous diseases Most skillful physicians most eminent clergymen and our best citizens send certificates of cures performed and of great benefit they have derived from these Pills They are the safest and best physic for children because mild as well as effectual Being sugar coated they are easy to take, and being purely vegetable they are entirely harmless.

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DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

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Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c, and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

R Has been widely used during the last twenty five years in the treatment of these distressing diseases and with such unvarying success that it has gained the reputation of being infallible The shakes or chills once broken by it do not return until the disease is contracted again This has made it an accepted remedy and trusted specific for the Fever and Ague of the West and the Chills and Fever of the South

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For Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy

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NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

DISTRICT OF OREGON SS—THIS IS TO GIVE notice that on the ninth day of January A D 1875 a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of [illegible] of [illegible] in the county of [illegible] and State of Oregon who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Portland Oregon at Room No 8 Dekum's Building before H H Northup Register on the ninth day of February A D 1875 at 10 o'clock A M

DANIEL J MACARKEY
U S Marshal as Messenger

ja14 2t

NOTICE

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN APPOINTED Resident Agent of the San Francisco Board of Marine Underwriters vice [illegible] removed from the State

Portland [illegible] 6[illegible]

J McCRAKEN
a14 lm

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In lots to suit at the Lowest market prices for cash or approved credit. HODGE CALEF & CO
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Right Hon THE EARL OF AIRLIE, K. T.

Oregon Local Board.

B GOLDSMITH Esq ... ... Portland
JOHN McCRAKEN, Esq ... ... Portland

Applicants should state the Amount of Money Desired and the Time for which it is Wanted The land offered as security should also be Plainly Described giving sub-divisions section, township and range in full describing its general character whether upland or bottom, prairie or timber with Full Statement of all the Improvements thereon also the owner's estimate of its Cash value

For further particulars apply to

WILLIAM REID, Manager,
11 First street, Portland

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon for Multnomah County—Harvey A Allen plaintiff vs H J Stevenson and Sarah E Stevenson, defendants To H J Stevenson and Sarah E Stevenson the above named defendants In the name of the State of Oregon, You and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit in said Court by the first day of the term of said Court following the expiration of six weeks from the date of this summons, to wit by the second Monday of February A D 1875, and if you fail so to appear and answer plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint which is to have and recover a decree against you H J Stevenson upon a promissory note by you executed to plaintiff on the 7th day of February, 1872 for the sum of $600 in U S lawful money, and for interest thereon at the rate of twelve per cent per annum in U S gold coin from the 7th day of August 1873 and for a decree against both of you the said defendants foreclosing a mortgage by you executed to plaintiff upon the east half of lots 5, 6 7 and 8 in block 312 in the city of Portland, in Multnomah county, State of Oregon to secure the payment of said promissory note, principal and interest. The order for service by publication bears date December 16 1874

Dated the 17th day of December 1874
JOHN CATLIN and B KILLIN
Plff's Att'ys.

7-6t

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue of a decree of foreclosure and order of sale directed to me issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Multnomah county in favor of Thomas Robertson, plaintiff, and against John P Walker et als. for the sum of Five Thousand Eight Hundred Sixty three and 2 100 dollars in gold coin and the further sum of Two Hundred and Fifty dollars in U S Currency with interest thereon from October 12th 1874 as mentioned in said decree and costs and accruing costs I did on the 17th day of December 1874 levy upon the real estate described in said decree to-wit That certain real property situate in the city of Portland Multnomah county and State of Oregon known and described upon the maps and plats of said city of Portland as Lots numbered three (3) and four (4) in Block numbered eleven (11) Now therefore by virtue of said decree and order of sale on Monday the 25th day of January A D 1875, at the hour of ten o'clock A M of said day at the Court House door in said county, I will sell the above described property at public auction to the highest bidder to satisfy said decree interest, costs and accruing costs

E J JEFFERY,
Sheriff of Multnomah county

A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer
Portland Dec 26 1874 8.5w

STATE OF OREGON Multnomah County—In Justice's Court for Morrison Precinct, before A Bushwiler, Justice R Weeks and A H Morgan plffs vs H J Stevenson, deft. To H J Stevenson the above named defendant In the name of the State of Oregon you are hereby required to appear in the above entitled Justice's Court and answer the complaint filed against you therein in the above entitled action at 10 o'clock A M on the 1st day of February 1875 and if you fail so to answer plaintiffs will take judgment against you for the sum of $80 and for their costs and disbursements The relief demanded is upon a balance of account for provisions and merchandise sold and delivered to defendant during the year 1874 The order for service by publication bears date December 10, 1874

A BUSHWILER
7 6t Justice of the Peace for said Precinct.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon for Multnomah county—J R Frush, plaintiff vs C V Frush defendant In Equity To C V Frush defendant. In the name of the State of Oregon you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit and Court by the first day of the next regular term of said Court which shall be held after six weeks from the first publication of this summons and if you fail so to do the plaintiff will take a decree against you declaring the marriage between yourself and said plaintiff void from the beginning and for such other relief as is in said complaint prayed for

ARTHUR CRISFIELD,
10 cw Attorney for plaintiff

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I HAVE FOR THE FALL OF 1874 AND SPRING of 75 an extra fine lot of FRUIT TREES and SHRUBS which I will sell cheap for cash, consisting of Apples Pears Quinces Peaches Apricots Nectarines Plums Prunes Cherries Mulberries Walnuts, Hickory Chestnuts, Grapevines Blackberries Raspberries Gooseberries Currants, Strawberries Honey Locust Sugar Maple Poplar Mountain Ash Weeping Willow Cypress and English Hawthorn Seeds by the bushel and Plants by the thousand and Flowering Shrubs of various kinds 40 choice varieties of Roses Also Fruit Flower and Garden Seeds of all kinds

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East Portland Oregon

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KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES. THERE is unquestionably no remedy so certain in its effects [illegible] ASTHMA WINTER COUGH and all DISEASES OF THE THROAT alike yield to its influence. The highest medical testimony states no better cure for these complaints is known [illegible] over half a century's experience They contain no opium morphine or any violent drug. KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES prepared by THOMAS KEATING London Britain are sold by all druggists in boxes at [illegible] cents a box

Agents for Pacific Coast REDINGTON HOSTETTER & CO San Francisco
51 6m

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WILL BE PREPARED TO BUY WHEAT EXtensively the present season Highest price paid for choice Wheat both for home manufacture and shipment abroad

R C KINNEY Agent, Salem
M J KINNEY, Agent 119 Clay st
nov23w6m San Francisco

SAN [illegible]

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Saw-Smithing [illegible]

ESTABLISHMENT,

17 and 19 Fremont [illegible] Front [illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT [illegible] inserted in [illegible] REPAIRING in [illegible] ming, Re Toothing, [illegible] CIRCULAR SAWS [illegible] Mulay Gang Buck [illegible] kinds together with [illegible] hours at lowest market rates. Cast-Steel faced [illegible] ING CUTTERS always on hand [illegible] short notice

N. B.—Messrs KNAPP, [illegible] Commission Merchants [illegible] duly authorized Agents for Oregon [illegible] Idaho

Orders sent through [illegible] wise will be filled at [illegible] rect.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE

NEW REMEDIES [illegible]

Dr. Gibbon's [illegible]

623 KEARNY [illegible]

DR. GIBBON has the [illegible] he has returned from [illegible] tals of Europe and [illegible] pensary, 623 Kearny [illegible] San Francisco where [illegible] quiring his services [illegible]

The Doctor has [illegible] seeking out new [illegible] increased facilities [illegible] fering.

How many thousands [illegible] female, are there [illegible] existence from the [illegible] from virus absorbed [illegible] pallid, emaciated [illegible] broken-down constitution [illegible] the happiness of [illegible] In this horrid state [illegible] closes the scene [illegible] tend to those who [illegible] horrible, life-destroying [illegible] cared for and cured [illegible] immediately to Dr. [illegible] made private di[illegible] and who is certain [illegible] without mercury [illegible] portant to those who [illegible] are infected in [illegible] careful of the [illegible] all [illegible] publishing [illegible] in a few days, imposing [illegible] the names of [illegible] other places. Be [illegible] inquiry, or you [illegible]

Seminal [illegible] This solitary vice, [illegible] practiced by the [illegible] unlimited extent, [illegible] ty, the following [illegible] combatted by scientific [illegible] low countenance, [illegible] the head, ringing in [illegible] of leaves and rattling [illegible] the loins, weakness [illegible] blunted intellect, [illegible] approaching strangers [illegible] quaintances, disposition [illegible] [illegible] tions about the [illegible] coughs consumption [illegible] frequent insanity [illegible] apply immediately [illegible] have a cure [illegible] Hundred Dollars [illegible] plaint by either of [illegible]

Beware of the [illegible] tenders who, with [illegible] the unwary Some [illegible] newspapers of San [illegible] tradesmen and be[illegible] Some are [illegible] way to avoid imposition [illegible] cost you nothing, [illegible] for as advertising [illegible] are bogus, these [illegible] them until you know [illegible] Gibbon does not [illegible] titles certificates, [illegible] Dr Gibbon will [illegible] office of his ability [illegible] to cure.

Address DR. J F [illegible] ner Commercial, Sa[illegible] REMEMBER TO [illegible] TER. Consultation [illegible] Correspondents [illegible] BON that they read [illegible]

LEGAL NOTICES

IN the Circuit Court of the [illegible] Multnomah county [illegible] plaintiff vs H J S[illegible] son defendants [illegible] Stevenson defendants [illegible] of Oregon you and [illegible] to appear and answer [illegible] you in the above entitled [illegible] day of the next regular [illegible] shall be held after [illegible] tion of this summons [illegible] commenced and [illegible] February A D 1875 [illegible] and answer the plaintiff [illegible] you and each of [illegible] hundred dollars [illegible] States gold coin at [illegible] since October 29 A [illegible] of two hundred [illegible] disbursements of [illegible] against you for fore[illegible] you to plaintiff to [illegible] of money on those [illegible] city of Portland in [illegible] egon which are de[illegible] as all of lot number[illegible] bered four (4) and [illegible] five (5) and six (6) [illegible] and twelve (312) in [illegible] in said county and [illegible] ed and described as [illegible] 19 33½ chains east [illegible] 35 and 36 in township [illegible] Willamette meridian [illegible] chains thence north [illegible] chains thence south [illegible] ginning being a part [illegible] Wm C Bowering [illegible] lands to pay said [illegible] other relief as may [illegible] ing service of this summons [illegible] December 19 1874

JOHN CATLIN
d21d1aw6tw6t

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned assignee of Frank Stadler [illegible] of January A D 1875 [illegible] of the County Court [illegible] land in the county [illegible] Oregon sell at public [illegible] for cash that certain [illegible] in Washington county [illegible] as follows Commencing [illegible] edge of the base line [illegible] Forest Grove at a [illegible] line of the donation [illegible] Tucker and wife [illegible] thence east on the [illegible] 26 rods thence south [illegible] road thence west along [illegible] road 26 rods thence [illegible] ning Dec 1 to be [illegible] chaser d31 3t

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT

Agnes Kelm [illegible] A Legrand Administrator [illegible] his final account, and [illegible] tified that the Court [illegible] 9th day of January [illegible] hearing and settlement [illegible] persons having objections [illegible] quired to appear at [illegible] County Court of Multnomah [illegible] gon at the Court House [illegible] day aforesaid and [illegible] the Court December [illegible]

A LEGRAND
Administrator of [illegible] ceased

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon—In the matter of O Kellogg & Co [illegible] given that a second [illegible] of O Kellogg, one of [illegible] in the city of Portland [illegible] said district, on the [illegible] o'clock A M at the [illegible] Register in Bankruptcy [illegible] poses named in the [illegible] Act of March 2, 1867

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